PROPOSED AGENDA

Meeting of the Town of Biltmore Forest Board of Commissioners

To be held Tuesday, January 11, 2022 at 4:30 p.m.

MEETING WILL BE HELD VIA ZOOM ONLINE PLATFORM ZOOM LINKAVAILABLE ON REAR OF AGENDA FOR THOSE WISHING TO PARTICIPATE REMOTELY

A. Roll Call by the Clerk

Mayor George F. Goosmann, III Commissioner Fran G. Cogburn Commissioner E. Glenn Kelly Commissioner Doris P. Loomis

- B. The minutes of the December 14, 2021 meeting will be presented for approval.
- C. Reports of Officers
 - 1. Chief of Skyland Fire and Rescue
 - 2. Chief of Police Chris Beddingfield
 - 3. Public Works Director Harry Buckner
 - 4. Town Manager Jonathan Kanipe

D. New Business

- 1. FY21 Audit Presentation Levonia Reese, Carter P.C.
- 2. Consideration of Ordinance 2022-01 An Ordinance to Amend the Town Code
- 3. Consideration of Ordinance 2022-02 An Ordinance to Amend the Town Code
- 4. Discussion Potential Amendment to Town Code regarding No Trespassing Signs
- Discussion Potential Amendment to Town Zoning Ordinance regarding Artificial Turf Fields
- 6. Planning Commission Comprehensive Plan Update
- E. Public Comment
- F. Adjourn

Board of Commissioners Remote Meeting Details

January 11, 2022 – 4:30 p.m.

Join Zoom Meeting

https://us02web.zoom.us/j/84533736990?pwd=Ums4M2t2NnovZDhwQjlVYmVwL3pZZz09

Meeting ID: 845 3373 6990

Passcode: 003756 One tap mobile

+13017158592,,84533736990#,,,,*003756# US (Washington DC)

+13126266799,84533736990#,,,,*003756# US (Chicago)

Dial by your location

+1 301 715 8592 US (Washington DC)

+1 312 626 6799 US (Chicago)

+1 646 876 9923 US (New York)

+1 408 638 0968 US (San Jose)

+1 669 900 6833 US (San Jose)

+1 253 215 8782 US (Tacoma)

+1 346 248 7799 US (Houston)

Meeting ID: 845 3373 6990

Passcode: 003756

Find your local number: https://us02web.zoom.us/u/khdfeV4o5

MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE MAYOR AND THE TOWN COMMISSIONERS OF BILTMORE FOREST HELD DECEMBER 14, 2021.

Be it remembered by those that follow these proceedings that the Governing Board of the Town of Biltmore Forest met and conducted the following business:

Roll call taken by the Clerk:

Mayor George F. Goosmann, III, present Commissioner Doris P. Loomis, present Commissioner E. Glenn Kelly, present Commissioner Fran Cogburn, present

Mr. Jonathan Kanipe, the Town Manager, and Mr. William Clarke, the Town Attorney, were also present.

Mayor Goosmann called the meeting to order at 4:30 pm.

Commissioner Cogburn made a motion to approve the minutes from November 9, 2021. The motion was seconded by Commissioner Kelly and unanimously approved.

Mayor Goosmann recognized Ms. Rachel Kuehn, Town resident, for her exemplary achievements which include golf excellence and academics at Wake Forest University.

Town of Biltmore Forest Proclamation

WHEREAS, Rachel Kuehn is a junior at Wake Forest University who excels in golf and academics; and

WHEREAS, Rachel and her family are proud residents of the Town of Biltmore Forest and the Town and its citizens have encouraged and supported Rachel during her golf career; and

WHEREAS, Rachel has demonstrated her prowess at golf on the collegiate circuit with the following accomplishments:

- Three (3) collegiate individual titles
- 2021 ACC third place medalist
- Team leader in stroke average in 2021, with an average of 70.74 which is the lowest single-season stroke average in Wake Forest program history
- Holds the Wake Forest program record for lowest 18-hole score of 63
- Holds the fourth-lowest 54-hole score in program history of 203
- Eight (8) Top 10 finishes so far in her career
- Two-time WGCA All-American

WHEREAS, Rachel's golf excellence has been demonstrated in the amateur ranks with the following accomplishments:

- Two-time Arnold Palmer Cup Team USA selection
- 2021 U.S. Amateur medalist
- 2020 North & South Champion
- 2021 Curtis Cup Team USA selection
- 2021 Augusta National Women's Amateur selection

WHEREAS, Rachel also excels in academics at Wake Forest and was named a Scholar All-American; and

WHEREAS, the United States faced a team from Great Britain and Ireland in the 41st Curtis Cup at Conwy Golf Club in Conwy, Wales in August 2021; and

WHEREAS, Rachel defeated her Scottish opponent to secure the Cup-clinching point that completed an impressive American comeback securing the victory for the United States.

NOW, THEREFORE, by virtue of the authority vested in me as Mayor of the Town of Biltmore Forest, I do hereby proclaim Tuesday, December 14, 2021 as "Rachel Kuehn Day" in the Town of Biltmore Forest in honor and recognition of Rachel Kuehn's exemplary achievements in the game of golf and excellence in representing the Town of Biltmore Forest, Wake Forest University, State of North Carolina, and United States of America.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I do hereby set my hand and cause the Seal of the Town of Biltmore Forest to be affixed this the 14th day of December, 2021.

Chief Trevor Lance gave the report for Skyland Fire Department. There were a total of 30 calls for the month. Chief Lance discussed safety of space heaters and to also have chimneys cleaned to avoid chimney fires. On Christmas Eve, Santa Claus will be visiting the Town at 9am. Mayor Goosmann thanked the Skyland Fire Department for all their hard work.

Chief Chris Beddingfield gave the report for the Police Department. Chief Beddingfield said there were a total of 482 calls. The new cars have arrived and they are being set up with equipment. Chief Beddingfield said review and compliance with Senate Bill 300 is still in the works. Chief Beddingfield also said there was a DCI audit recently which is extremely difficult. Ms. Aslyne Tate has been running the communications center and did an excellent job with this audit. There were no issues found. Commissioner Kelly asked Chief Beddingfield if there were going to be a total of four new hybrid vehicles with the two new hybrid vehicles recently purchased for the police department. Chief Beddingfield said yes. Mayor Goosmann asked Chief Beddingfield for an annual fuel savings report which he will provide in the coming months. Mayor Goosmann thanked Chief Beddingfield for all the hard work the police department provides.

Mr. Harry Buckner gave the report for the Public Works Department. The employees at Public Works wanted to thank the Board for the bonus at the end of the year and the Christmas luncheon on Thursday.

Mr. Buckner said one employee resigned this month and they have a vacancy within the department. Mr. Buckner discussed the targeted underground project with Duke Energy in conjunction with modernizing street light meters and said they have been excellent to work with. This is to improve safety and reliability at this time.

Mr. Buckner discussed larger capital updates. Mr. Buckner informed the Board there was a culvert replacement planned along Park Road in the coming months.

Mr. Buckner said the brush route is running continuously and staff are working very hard at picking up leaves. The leaf pickup will continue until January 15th. Commissioner Kelly asked what the green lines and blue lines are on Fairway Place. Mr. Buckner said he would find out about Fairway Place since the Duke Energy project is not being conducted in that area as of right now. Mayor Goosmann thanked Mr. Buckner for all the hard work Public Works provides.

Mr. Jonathan Kanipe gave the report for the Town. The Town's Fiscal Year 2021 audit was completed and sent to the Local Government Commission (LGC) at the end of November. The audit turned out well and the LGC has signed off on the FY21 financial statements. A copy of the audit in its entirety has been provided to all Board members and Ms. Levonia Reese from Carter, P.C. will attend the Board's January meeting to provide a full report. A copy of the audit will be posted on the website.

Mr. Kanipe updated the Board on COVID-19. The Town remains aligned with Buncombe County's current face covering requirement for indoor, public places. The current order expires January 5, 2022. The most recent county update (December 7, 2021) revealed a positivity rate of 6.6 percent. Mr. Kanipe said the goal is to be under 5 percent and the County did achieve this briefly in early November.

Mr. Kanipe gave an update on the Greenwood Park Stream Restoration which is one-step closer to construction in January. We received approval at the Local Government Commission's (LGC) hearing on December 7th and subsequently alerted the Division of Water Infrastructure (DWI) to this approval. As you recall, the Town approved a contingent award to Baker Construction last month. It is possible additional acknowledgments or formal approvals will be required from the Board prior to construction. Mr. Kanipe will brief the Board on these if that is the case. The Town is now eligible to begin receiving reimbursements for initial engineering and design work.

Mr. Kanipe discussed Senate Bill 300 review and implementation. The state legislature made changes throughout the General Statutes related to criminal penalties for town or county ordinance violations. Chief Beddingfield and I attended a webinar hosted by the NC League of Municipalities and gained some clarity regarding parts of this law. The Town will need to amend its ordinances that specify criminal penalties for each specific ordinance. Chief Beddingfield and

Mr. Kanipe will begin reviewing these ordinances over the next month to provide the Board with a recommendation for what ordinances to continue enforcing criminally and what may need to be changed to civil penalties only. Town ordinances that include criminal penalty provisions require readings at two meetings. Adoption may not occur for these types of ordinances at the first meeting in which it is introduced.

The Town conducted the comprehensive planning survey in mid-November and the survey closed on December 10, 2021. Approximately 238 survey responses were received. Notices were provided to the public via CodRED as well as via the Town's website. Hard copies were also available at the Town Hall if preferred. The Planning Commission will hold their next meeting on Tuesday, December 21, 2021 where Mr. Paul Zimmerman will provide an update and analysis of these surveys. Mr. Kanipe said he will also provide an update to the Board at the January 2022 Board of Commissioners meeting.

Mr. Kanipe provided an update on the transportation study which also closed on Friday, December 10, 2021. The consultant for the Town will prepare an analysis of these responses.

Mr. Kanipe discussed the trash can project update and stated approximately 60 residents have elected the 65-gallon container. Containers will be ordered by the first of the New Year and anticipated to take 10-12 weeks for delivery. The staff will assemble the containers, deliver them, and remove the existing containers. The containers will be dark brown. Mayor Goosmann thanked Mr. Kanipe for all his hard work.

The Board then considered re-appointment of Commissioner Glenn Kelly to the Metropolitan Sewerage District Board. A motion was made by Commissioner Loomis. Commissioner Cogburn seconded the motion. The motion was unanimously approved.

The next matter discussed was the Town Code of Ordinances, and specifically, the introduction of two new public safety amendments. The two ordinances are related to public safety and include criminal penalties for violations. The first ordinance is the "Loitering and Temporary Structure" and the second ordinance is the "Public Urination and Defecation Prohibition" Ordinance. Each of these ordinances states that the maximum fine may exceed \$50.00 but may not exceed \$500.00. This is in compliance with the new statutory language found in N.C.G.S. 14-4.

Chief Beddingfield said there have been instances of both these issues in recent months.

Mr. Kanipe said this will be brought back next month to the Board meeting. These ordinances do not require a public hearing because these are Town Code provisions.

The next matter discussed was the Consideration of the FY 22 Budget Amendment. This budget amendment acknowledges receipt of funds and their expenditure from town residents to voluntarily donate "employee holiday funds". According to a UNC School of Government expert, the Board may informally direct the Town Manager to distribute funds proportionately. There were no additional questions. Commissioner Cogburn made a motion to approve this Budget Amendment. Commissioner Loomis seconded the motion. The motion was unanimously approved.

The next matter for consideration was Resolution 2021-15. This resolution designates the Town Manager as the point of contact for the Town and approves the Town's acceptance of the loan offer from the State of North Carolina. This loan is part of the Division of Water Infrastructure State Revolving Fund loan program and will provide necessary funds for the Greenwood Park stream restoration project. Commissioner Kelly made a motion and Commissioner Cogburn seconded the motion. The motion was unanimously approved.

Mr. Richard Wyde spoke to amend the Ordinance to include "no trespassing signs." Mayor Goosmann allowed Mr. Wyde to speak for three minutes. Mr. Wyde is asking the Town to amend its sign ordinance to include specific criteria regarding "no trespassing" signs. Mr. Wyde included an attached proposed amendment for the Board. The signs would be subject to the same aesthetic standards found in section 93.02 of the Town Ordinance. If the Board approved this ordinance amendment, Mr. Wyde then requested the Town direct Mr. Perry Bartsch, Jr. and Ms. Joanne Bartsch to remove the four offending signs which are not in compliance from the border of the two neighboring properties. Mr. Wyde said they are white and red and are not meeting aesthetic standards. Mr. Wyde provided the Board a copy of the "no trespassing" signs that are located at 22 Browntown Road which are green and yellow and they believe comply. Ms. Angela Branch said it is important to note the current Town Ordinance does not comply with the State statute and it would be a good idea to pull it into compliance which was the purpose behind their petition. The

Ordinance needs to lay out how one can have this sign and should comply with the State provisions. Ms. Wyde said it also needs to comply with the aesthetic standards and also need to be reinforced. Mr. Wyde said the remedy for non-compliance should be to have the signs removed. Mayor Goosmann thanked Mr. Wyde and Ms. Branch.

Mayor Goosmann introduced Mr. Perry Bartsch, Jr. and informed him he has three minutes to speak on this matter as well. Mr. Bartsch said their property has been damaged and will continue to be damaged because the Wyde property has been denuded of all ground cover that has roots. Mr. Bartsch stated that, according to the NC Department of Environmental Quality standards and other standards, storm water runoff needs containment. Without containment, and no ground cover on their property, Mr. Bartsch's property will continue to be damaged. Mr. Bartsch said Mr. Wyde chose to denude the property on two occasions after Mr. Bartsch paid for a survey and tried to be a good neighbor. Mr. Bartsch said they have not gotten a response from Mr. Wyde. Mr. Bartsch then chose to post "no trespassing" signs.

Mr. Bartsch also informed the Board, they had someone show up at their house with a gun and asked the person to leave. Mr. Bartsch said this person would not leave. Mr. Bartsch called the Biltmore Forest Police Department, and they advised Mr. Bartsch that unless they post the signs on the property that any person can walk up to their door with an AK47. Mr. Bartsch said these signs were posted in that specific location because of the vegetation and wanted to make sure there was no further damage to Mr. Bartsch's property. Without these signs, the property would continue to be damaged and run the risk of having someone else come up to his house with a gun. Mayor Goosmann thanked Mr. Bartsch.

Mr. Billy Clarke, Town attorney thanked both parties for their petitions and responses. The Board has looked at both parties information but has not had a chance to discuss it yet and will need time to consider this. Mr. Clarke indicated the Board will discuss further in January.

Mayor Goosmann asked for public comment. There was no public comment.

Mayor Goosmann recognized Commissioner Glenn Kelly who took office as an elected official forty (40) years ago today. Commissioner Kelly thanked Mayor Goosmann.

Mr. Kanipe said there was another petition that was on the agenda but Mr. Hutchison did not attend the meeting. Mr. Clarke said the Board should respond to it and will take it under advisement.

Mayor Goosmann adjourned the meeting at 5:27 p.m. The next meeting is scheduled for Tuesday, January 11, 2022 at 4:30 pm.

ATTEST:	
Ms. Laura Jacobs	George F. Goosmann, III
Town Clerk	Mayor



Skyland Fire & Rescue Biltmore Forest Valley Springs Station



Phone: (828) 684-6421

Address: PO Box 640 Skyland NC 28776 www.skylandfire.com Fax (828) 684-1010

Biltmore Forest Valley Springs Station

Incident Response

December 2021

Station: 4 - BILTMORE FOREST STATION	
311 - Medical assist, assist EMS crew	8
321 - EMS call, excluding vehicle accident with injury	1
322 - Motor vehicle accident with injuries	1
324 - Motor vehicle accident with no injuries.	1
412 - Gas leak (natural gas or LPG)	1
553 - Public service	2
571 - Cover assignment, standby, moveup	2
622 - No incident found on arrival at dispatch address	1
651 - Smoke scare, odor of smoke	1
733 - Smoke detector activation due to malfunction	1
740 - Unintentional transmission of alarm, other	1
743 - Smoke detector activation, no fire - unintentional	1
745 - Alarm system activation, no fire - unintentional	1

Incidents for 4 - Biltmore Forest Station:

Respectfully Submitted,

22

Chief Trevor Lance Skyland Fire Rescue

Trevor Lance

Biltmore Forest Police Department 355 Vanderbilt Road Biltmore Forest, NC 28803 828-274-0822 www.biltmoreforest.org



George F. Goosmann, III, Mayor Doris P Loomis, Mayor-Pro Tem E.Glenn Kelly, Commissioner Fran Cogburn, Commissioner Jonathan Kanipe, Town Manager M.Chris Beddingfield, Police Chief

12/01/2021- 12/31/2021

ORE FOREST POLICE DEPARTMENT	Count	Percei
ABANDONED VEHICLE	1	0.19
ALARM	25	4.78
ANIMAL CONTROL	16	3.06
ASSAULT	1	0.19
ASSIST MOTORIST	6	1.15
ASSIST NON-RESIDENT	4	0.76
ASSIST OTHER AGENCY	19	3.63
ASSIST RESIDENT	13	2.49
BUSINESS CHECK	226	43.21
CRIME PREVENTION	6	1.15
DISPUTE	1	0.19
DISTURBANCE	3	0.57
FOLLOW-UP INVESTIGATION	9	1.72
FRAUD	2	0.38
HIT AND RUN	1	0.19
HOUSE CHECK	85	16.25
LARCENY	1	0.19
MEDICAL EMERGENCY	2	0.38
No Call Type	1	0.19
NOISE COMPLAINT	8	1.53
PEDESTRIAN VIOLATION	1	0.19
POWER OUTAGE	1	0.19
PROPERTY DAMAGE	1	0.19
ROAD BLOCKED	4	0.76
SPECIAL ASSIGNMENT	4	0.76
SUICIDE	1	0.19
SUSPICIOUS ACTIVITY	2	0.38
SUSPICIOUS PERSON	7	1.34
SUSPICIOUS VEHICLE	18	3.44
TALK WITH OFFICER	7	1.34
TRAFFIC STOP	35	6.69
VANDALISM	1	0.19
VEHICLE ACCIDENT	2	0.38
WARRANT SERVICE	1	0.19
WELFARE CHECK	8	1.53

Total Calls For Service:

523 (482 last month)

Arrests:

- 2-Felony Arrests-Passing a forged document-Obtained from a bank fraud investigation. One for possession of controlled substance on jail premises-from one of the below arrests
- 2-Misdemeanor Arrests-Same subject on two separate occasions. Assault, Resisting Officers, Failing to appear in court.

Citations:

13-Citations for various traffic violations (11 last month)

Time Consumption Summary:

Approximations:

Business Checks- 5 hours

House Checks- 4 hours

Radar Operation- 2 hours

Vehicle Crash Investigation- 2 hours

Notable Calls and Projects:

Two new police vehicles that we budgeted for this year have arrived. Last month one had cleared the dealer and made it to the equipment vendor. The second one has now cleared the dealership and is at the equipment vendor as well. Both are progressing with install of the large amount of necessary equipment that is now standard to police vehicles. Lights, siren, RADAR, cameras, radio system, transport partition, graphics, weapon mounts, console and more. This is a very in-depth process that takes a lengthy amount of time. Both are coming together well and hope to be in service very soon.

Dealt with several instances of vagrancy camping in town during the month. Networked with Asheville Police on some of the programs they are utilizing. We continue to utilize many techniques to combat this problem but it is a growing problem for everyone in our area.

We successfully completed a DCI audit in the communication center last month. As a final step in that process we had a site visit from the state. Again, this went extremely well and they were very complimentary of us.

We had multiple calls for service that resulted in criminal charges and arrests at one particular residence. Currently looking at some different strategies working with the district attorney and other state agencies to address this issue.

355 Vanderbilt Rd | Biltmore Forest, NC Po Box 5352 | Biltmore Forest, NC 28803 P (828) 274-0824 | F (828) 274-8131

www.biltmoreforest.org



George F. Goosmann, III, Mayor Doris P. Loomis, Mayor-Pro Tem E. Glenn Kelly, Commissioner Fran G. Cogburn, Commissioner

> Jonathan B. Kanipe, Town Manager

MEMORANDUM

To: Jonathan Kanipe, Town Manager

Mayor and Board of Commissioners

From: Harry B. Buckner, PE, Director of Public Works

Re: Public Works Department December 2021 Monthly Report

Date: January 7, 2022

Recurring Activities:

The Public Works Department has completed the following activities during the month of December:

- Collected 35.49 tons of garbage.
- Diverted 19.53 tons of recycled goods from garbage.
- Picked up 15 loads of mixed brush and leaves (approximately 450 cubic yards) and 33 loads of leaves (990 cubic yards) over 15 days.
- Responded to 72 total utility locate requests, comprised of 53 new requests and 19 updates. This total includes 3 short-notice request.
- Visited 6 residences for Tree Assessments, approving the removal of 7 trees, and requiring the installation of 8 trees.
- Completed daily chlorine residual tests across town and passed the required two bacteriological tests. Results are reported via the State's on-line reporting system.
- Used the Beacon/Badger Meter automated meter reading system to monitor for water leaks daily and informed residents of suspected leaks.
- We continue to perform litter pick-ups as needed, focusing on the entrances.
- Dedicated and continuous leaf collection began on November 1st and will continue until January 15th. Formal brush collection will be suspended until that time to allow us to focus on leaf collection

Coronavirus (COVID-19) Related Activities:

• Mask requirements and social distancing protocols continue at the Public Works facility, and they do remain open to the public.

Miscellaneous Activities in December

- We have continued to collect applications for the open Public Works position and held initial telephone interviews with two applicants. Mr. Dale and I are continuing to evaluate the applicants and anticipate the posting remaining open into the New Year.
- Most "extra" manpower hours have been dedicated to leaf collection.
- We continue to consolidate and purge our working materials and organize the storage and work areas.
- I met with a licensed electrician and obtained pricing to update our street light power feeders simultaneously with the Duke Energy-Progress TUG project. We are continuing to fine tune the scope of supply but anticipate proceeding with the work in early January. Again, this work is being implemented to bring the installations up to code and to improve the overall safety and convenience of the systems.
- Pouring the lamp base for the relocated light at the intersection of Parkway and Stuyvesant was delayed by the concrete supplier. This work was completed on January 5, 2022.
- We did cap the previously marked mulch beds in Brookside Park at the pond and in Rosebank Park with a double-ground composted mulch product. There is a small amount that needs to be placed in the last mulch bed at Rosebank Park, and that will occur in January, 2022, completing the mulching project.
- Work continued in Lower Vanderbilt Park removing invasive species and dead or diseased plant materials.
- We have prepared the salt and sand trucks by installing the plows. We do start the vehicles make sure they are ready for service ahead of any forecasted severe weather.
- The back-up garbage truck is still at the shop awaiting completion of repairs to the hydraulic system and transmission/PTO. We have changed the approach and are having a new hydraulic tank fabricated locally, and anticipate the vehicle being available in January.
- Resident selection of new garbage cans is complete, and the order will be placed in January.
- I have prepared a new 2022 Recycling and Brush Collection Calendar to be distributed during January.
- We have added Hunter Graham to our on-call rotation.

Larger/Capital Projects Updates

Greenwood Park Stream Restoration

Final paperwork is being executed with DEQ to allow the project to move forward. We
are continuing to work with our consultant to execute the appropriate paperwork.
 Construction is still anticipated to begin in January. A separate agenda item for this topic
in the Manager's report.

Automatic Water Meter Reading System Endpoint Replacement Program

• We are still awaiting delivery of the replacement materials from the vendor. Work will begin upon receipt.

Cedar Hill Road Stream Stabilization Project

- We received the second draft of the proposed stream stabilization alignment on January 31st, and are coordinating a meeting with them in the next week or so to review the recommendation adjustments to the initial layout.
- Once there is consensus on the alignment, the project will be staked in the field and we will meet with the property owner to review the second iteration of the plan.
- It is anticipated that the design and permitting phase of the project will be completed in spring, allowing us to pursue informal bids. Construction is anticipated to be completed by the end of the 2022, pending Board approval.

Town-wide Traffic Study

• Work continues on the Town-wide Traffic Study, and the Traffic Survey completed the week of December 6th.

Master Plan Project Area 2 – 13/15 Park Rd. Culvert Replacement

- We completed our site visit plan review on December 15th, and a few minor revisions were made as a result. A final plan was received on December 22nd and submitted to the US Army Corps of Engineers for the issuance of a Pre-Construction Notification (PCN) that same day.
- We also forwarded the plans to Hyatt Pipeline for review and completion of a proposal to complete the work. We received a proposal from them on December 30th.
- Additional work to be completed before proceeding is a review of the plan with the
 adjoining property owners; securing any necessary temporary or permanent construction
 easements; and execution and scheduling of the work. This is anticipated to be
 completed in January. I anticipate soliciting an informal bid for the work in early
 January.

Master Plan Project Area 1 & Area 9 – Vanderbilt/Stuyvesant/Lone Pine Stormwater Project

• McGill Associates submitted a detailed work schedule for this project, which includes the following milestones:

- o The field survey is complete.
- o The preliminary horizontal alignment plan was submitted on December 14th.
- We completed a walk-through field visit meeting on December 20th and provided feedback on the initial plan.
- o The 30% review plans are scheduled to be delivered the week of January 17th, and revisions completed by February 4th.
- Cost estimates and phasing recommendations, along with the final 30% design drawings, are scheduled to be presented at the March board meeting, as directed by the Board.

Upcoming in January

- Dedicated leaf collection will continue continuously until January 13, 2022.
- Brush collection will begin on the North Route, as usual, beginning Tuesday, January 18th.
- We will complete the relocation of the streetlight to the intersection of Parkway and Stuyvesant.
- The new employee search will continue.
- We will empty the temporary storage unit and have it removed from the site in January.
- Permitting and installation activities for the power supply upgrades for the street lights
 will begin with the goal of staying ahead of the Phase 2 TUG project by Duke EnergyProgress. We will execute a contract with a qualified electrical contractor and begin
 scheduling the work.
- Storm drain repairs between 105 and 111 Stuyvesant Road are still in the works.
- I am scheduling the installation of the cart grabbers on the garbage trucks, to be completed in the first quarter of 2022.
- We will complete the final large mulch bed at Rosebank Park.
- We are prepared, should we be needed, to react to any winter weather events.
- Supervisor Dale and I are working on internal planning goals for the year.
- I will be working with Manager Kanipe on 2022-2023 department budget preparations.

As always, please do not hesitate to contact me with any questions or feedback.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS MEETING STAFF MEMORANDUM

January 11, 2022



Agenda Item C-4

Town Manager's Monthly Report

Covid-19 Update

The Omicron variant of the coronavirus has sent positive test rates and cases skyrocketing. The most recent County data showed a positivity rate of 13.7% - double what is one month prior. Case numbers had increased to over 600 per 100,000 people, which was three times the amount from the prior month. The Town and County are feeling the same impact as the rest of the nation and world from this variant. Town staff were impacted by this new wave just as others in the community. Staff are abiding by CDC recommendations regarding quarantine and isolation periods, and appropriate mask usage is being reinforced among all employees. The Town remains aligned with Buncombe County's mask order. This renewed order is now effective through February 16, 2022. Because of the significant increase in transmission and case numbers, the January Board of Commissioners meeting is virtual. Information for accessing the meeting is posted on the Town's website. Staff will coordinate with chairs of other Town boards regarding meeting virtually or in-person over the course of the next month. I will continue to provide updates to the Board as provided by Buncombe County and will certainly be available to answer any questions regarding our processes related to Covid-19.

American Recovery Plan Funding Update

We received great news on January 6th when the Treasury Department released their final rule for American Recovery Plan funding. You likely recall the interim rules included specific restrictions for funding use. While reporting requirements remain, the Treasury Department made it much easier for local governments to use the funds for *any* purpose. Previously, a local government could utilize recovery funds to replace revenue that was lost during the thrust of the pandemic. This was calculated through a formula and the local government had to show the methodology for replacement. The Treasury Department's new rule, however, allows local governments to take a "standard revenue replacement" that, in essence, will allow the funds to be utilized directly for any general government purpose. The Town's plan continues to be funding significant stormwater needs, but there is much greater flexibility now.

Greenwood Park Stream Restoration Project

The Town submitted all documents as requested to the Division of Water Infrastructure (DWI) before the Christmas holiday. We are awaiting a final authorization to proceed from DWI and will then hold a pre-construction meeting with Baker Construction.

Cedar Hill Drive Stabilization Project

The Town received an updated plan from Jennings Environmental earlier this week that limits total tree removal and reduces the limits of overall disturbance. Staff is scheduled to review next Thursday. We will then meet with the adjacent property owner to review potential construction easements and disturbances along their property. As a reminder, the Town plans to bid this project in the late spring with a construction date not to exceed December 31, 2022.

Trash Container Project

The Town received an updated quote from Carolina Environmental Systems for trash containers and will order those this week. The delivery timeline is 12-18 weeks. Staff will utilize the interim period to make plans for issuing containers. All residents who requested a 65-gallon container will receive that size; all others will receive the default 95-gallon size.

<u>Duke Energy Targeted Underground Project Update</u>

Duke Energy's targeted underground program (TUG) is likely to commence with construction on Phase 2 within the next two months. Duke has met with property owners and the Town has facilitated direct connection between Duke leadership and property owners when necessary. On a related note, Public Works Director Harry Buckner is doing a good job coordinating the TUG project with our street light system. This will result in improved reliability for streetlights.

NOTICE OF BUNCOMBE COUNTY PROPERTY TAX LISTING PERIOD

Property Tax Listing forms must be completed and returned by 5 p.m. on January 31, 2022 to avoid late listing penalty.

Notice is hereby given that all persons who own personal or business property subject to taxation in Buncombe County on January 1, 2022 must list such property no later than January 31, 2022. Any person who fails to do so will be subject to penalties prescribed by law. Per North Carolina General Statute 105-296(c), the regular listing period is January 1 through January 31. If the regular listing period begins or ends on a day other than a business day, the time period for such filing shall be extended through the next business day.

The listing period for 2022 will begin Monday, January 3, 2022, and end Monday, January 31, 2022, at 5 p.m. Listing forms will be mailed in December 2021 to persons or businesses who have requested a listing form or filed a listing last year. Download a listing form at buncombecounty.org/taxassessment, or contact the Property Assessment office at (828) 250-4920.

Real Property

- *All persons who own real estate must list any new additions, changes, or deletions that have been made since January 1, 2021. Please contact the Property Assessment office at (828) 250-4940.
- *According to the North Carolina General Statutes, all property that is not defined or taxed as "real estate" or "real property" is considered to be "personal property."

Personal Property

*All persons who own personal property such as un-tagged motor vehicles, permanently tagged trailers, manufactured homes, boats and boat motors, airplanes, rental personal property, or farm machinery used for income purposes, must file a listing form annually.

Business Personal Property

- *Business personal property is taxable whether it is owned, leased, rented, loaned, or otherwise made available to the business.
- *All businesses are required to file a business personal property listing form annually during the listing period stated above, which includes: machinery and equipment; furniture and fixtures; computers; improvements to leased property; manufactured homes; aircraft; international registration plan (IRP) plated vehicles, and supplies etc. used in connection with the business.

Extensions

- *Listing extensions may be granted upon request and for good cause shown. The listing extension request must be filed with the Assessment Department no later than January 31, 2022. File an extension online at <u>businessextensions.buncombecounty.org</u>.
- *Extensions will not be granted beyond March 15, 2022. If you are a new business for 2022, and have not filed a previous listing form, please contact our office for information at (828) 250-4930.

Tax Relief

*Property tax relief may be available for veterans, anyone 65 and older, or anyone permanently disabled under NCGS 105-277. Call (828) 250-4915 to see if you qualify, or download an application at buncombecounty.org/taxrelief.

Reminder: Listing forms will be accepted between January 3, 2022 and January 31, 2022. The Assessment Department is located at 155 Hilliard Ave, Asheville, NC 28801, and is open Monday – Friday, 8 a.m.-5 p.m. with the exception of holidays. Call (828) 250-4920 for more information. Instructions and forms are available on the Assessment Department website at: buncombecounty.org/taxassessment.

The County of Buncombe does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, age, national origin, handicap, or disability in admission or access to, or treatment or employment, in its services, programs, and activities, in compliance with applicable federal and state laws.

BUNCOMBE COUNTY PROPERTY ASSESSOR					

Account		Budget (\$)	Current Period (\$)	YTD With Encumbrance (\$)	Encumbrance (\$)	Remaining Balance (\$)	% Use
3010 Ad Valorem Tax				(+)		.,,	
Revenue							
3010 Ad Valorem Tax							
	OREM TAXES (PROPERTY)	2,835,096.00	2,940,707.88	2,940,707.88	0.00	-105,611.88	10
10-3010-0100 AD VAL	,	104,332.00	38,642.36	38,642.36	0.00	65,689.64	3
10-3010-0200 TAX INT	, ,	10,000.00	616.06	616.06	0.00	9,383.94	
	3010 Ad Valorem Tax Subtotal	\$2,949,428.00	\$2,979,966.30	\$2,979,966.30	\$0.00	-\$30,538.30	10
	Revenue Subtotal	\$2,949,428.00	\$2,979,966.30	\$2,979,966.30	\$0.00	-\$30,538.30	10
After Transfers	Excess Of Revenue Subtotal	\$2,949,428.00	\$2,979,966.30	\$2,979,966.30	\$0.00	· ,	10
3020 Unrestricted Intergove		4 2,0 10, 120100	4 _,0.0,000.00	4 =,0:0,000.00	V 0.00		
Revenue	111111						
3020 Unrestricted Intergov	ornm						
•	HISE & UTILITIES TAX DIST.	205,227.00	100,941.09	100,941.09	0.00	104,285.91	4
10-3020-0100 ALCOH		6,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6,000.00	
10-3020-0200 BUNCO	MBE COUNTY 1% TAX	540,724.00	342,917.04	342,917.04	0.00	197,806.96	6
10-3020-0300 1/2 CEN		227,111.00	143,361.80	143,361.80	0.00	83,749.20	6
10-3020-0400 1/2 CEN	IT SALES TAX A.42	282,736.00	181,509.71	181,509.71	0.00	101,226.29	6
10-3020-0600 SALES	TAX REFUND	10,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10,000.00	
10-3020-0700 GASOL		3,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,500.00	
	Inrestricted Intergovernm Subtotal	\$1,275,298.00	\$768,729.64	\$768,729.64	\$0.00	\$506,568.36	6
	Revenue Subtotal	\$1,275,298.00	\$768,729.64	\$768,729.64	\$0.00	\$506,568.36	6
After Transfers	Excess Of Revenue Subtotal	\$1,275,298.00	\$768,729.64	\$768,729.64	\$0.00	<u> </u>	6
3030 Restricted Intergovern	mon		. ,				
Revenue							
3030 Restricted Intergover	nmen						
	WASTE DISPOSAL TAX	950.00	523.96	523.96	0.00	426.04	5
10-3030-0100 POWEL	L BILL	55,505.00	29,374.54	29,374.54	0.00	26,130.46	5
3030 R	estricted Intergovernmen Subtotal	\$56,455.00	\$29,898.50	\$29,898.50	\$0.00	\$26,556.50	5
	Revenue Subtotal	\$56,455.00	\$29,898.50	\$29,898.50	\$0.00	\$26,556.50	5
After Transfers	Excess Of Revenue Subtotal	\$56,455.00	\$29,898.50	\$29,898.50	\$0.00	. ,	5
	Exosos of Novolido odstotal	400, 100.00	\$20,000.00	Ψ20,000.00	ψ0.00		
3040 Permits & Fees							
Revenue 3040 Permits & Fees							
10-3040-0000 BUILDIN	NG PERMITS	30,000.00	41,055.00	41,055.00	0.00	-11,055.00	13
10-3040-0100 DOG LI		1,300.00	1,210.10	1,210.10	0.00	89.90	9
	3040 Permits & Fees Subtotal	\$31,300.00	\$42,265.10	\$42,265.10	\$0.00	-\$10,965.10	13
	Revenue Subtotal	\$31,300.00	\$42,265.10	\$42,265.10	\$0.00	-\$10,965.10	13
	Excess Of Revenue Subtotal	\$31,300.00	\$42,265.10	\$42,265.10	\$0.00	***,******	13
After Transfers	Excess of Revenue oubtotul	ψο 1,000.00	ψ+2,200.10	Ψ42,200.10	ψ0.00		
After Transfers							
3050 Investment Earnings							
3050 Investment Earnings							
3050 Investment Earnings	ST EARNED	1,000.00	167.27	167.27	0.00	832.73	1

Account		Budget (\$)	Current Period (\$)	YTD With Encumbrance (\$)	Encumbrance (\$)	Remaining Balance (\$)	% Used
	Revenue Subtotal	\$1,000.00	\$167.27	\$167.27	\$0.00	\$832.73	17
After Transfers	Excess Of Revenue Subtotal	\$1,000.00	\$167.27	\$167.27	\$0.00	·	17
3060 Miscellaneous		V 1,000000	*	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
Revenue							
3060 Miscellaneous							
	RICAN TOWER AGREEMENT	38,000.00	28,644.39	28,644.39	0.00	9,355.61	75
10-3060-0200 MISCE		10,000.00	38,038.27	38,283.30	-245.03	-28,283.30	383
	3060 Miscellaneous Subtotal	\$48,000.00	\$66,682.66	\$66,927.69	-\$245.03	-\$18,927.69	139
	Revenue Subtotal	\$48,000.00	\$66,682.66	\$66,927.69	-\$245.03	-\$18,927.69	139
After Transfers		· · ·		<u> </u>		-\$10,027.00	
	Excess Of Revenue Subtotal	\$48,000.00	\$66,682.66	\$66,682.66	-\$245.03		139
3290							
Revenue							
3290	DEOT EADNED						_
30-3290-0000 INTER		50.00	4.09	4.09	0.00	45.91	8
	3290 Subtotal	\$50.00	\$4.09	\$4.09	\$0.00	\$45.91	8
	Revenue Subtotal	\$50.00	\$4.09	\$4.09	\$0.00	\$45.91	8
After Transfers	Excess Of Revenue Subtotal	\$50.00	\$4.09	\$4.09	\$0.00		8
3350 Commissions, Sw Ch	ng Coll						
Revenue							
3350 Commissions, Sw C	Chg Coll						
30-3350-0000 COMN	MISSIONS, SEWER CHARGE COLL	8,000.00	3,269.80	3,269.80	0.00	4,730.20	41
3350	Commissions, Sw Chg Coll Subtotal	\$8,000.00	\$3,269.80	\$3,269.80	\$0.00	\$4,730.20	41
	Revenue Subtotal	\$8,000.00	\$3,269.80	\$3,269.80	\$0.00	\$4,730.20	41
After Transfers	Excess Of Revenue Subtotal	\$8,000.00	\$3,269.80	\$3,269.80	\$0.00		41
3500 Other Financing							
Other Financing Source							
3500 Other Financing							
	OF PERSONAL PROPERTY	15,000.00	3,520.00	3,520.00	0.00	11,480.00	23
10-3500-0700 INTER	RGOVERNMENTAL LOAN (RESTRIC	300,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	300,000.00	0
	3500 Other Financing Subtotal	\$315,000.00	\$3,520.00	\$3,520.00	\$0.00	\$311,480.00	1
	Other Financing Source Subtotal	\$315,000.00	\$3,520.00	\$3,520.00	\$0.00	\$311,480.00	1
After Transfers	Excess Of Revenue Subtotal	\$315,000.00	\$3,520.00	\$3,520.00	\$0.00		1
	Execute of November Cubicital	4010,000.00	40,020.00	ψ0,020.00	ψ0.00		
3710 Water Sales							
Revenue							
3710 Water Sales 10-3710-0000 TAX R	PEFLINDS	0.00	-120.69	-120.69	0.00	120.69	0
30-3710-0000 WATE		442,800.00	168,685.82	168,685.82	0.00	274,114.18	38
30-3710-0000 WATE		338,789.00	176,952.45	176,952.45	0.00	161,836.55	50 52
00 01 10-0 100 IVISD (4,143.84		0.00		54
30_3710 0200 444 7	NAMONII I LIN UNARGEO	7,700.00		4,143.84		3,556.16	
30-3710-0200 AMIT	2740 Metc = 0 - 1 0 - 14 - 4 - 1	\$790 200 00	\$340 cc4 40	6340 554 45		\$420 COT FO	
30-3710-0200 AMIT	3710 Water Sales Subtotal	\$789,289.00	\$349,661.42	\$349,661.42	\$0.00	\$439,627.58	44
30-3710-0200 AMIT	3710 Water Sales Subtotal Revenue Subtotal Excess Of Revenue Subtotal	\$789,289.00 \$789,289.00 \$789,289.00	\$349,661.42 \$349,661.42 \$349,661.42	\$349,661.42 \$349,661.42 \$349,661.42	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00	\$439,627.58 \$439,627.58	44 44

A		Budget (C)	Current	YTD With Encumbrance	Encumbrance	Remaining	9/ Haad
Account		Budget (\$)	Period (\$)	(\$)	(\$)	Balance (\$)	% Used
Revenue							
3730 Water Tap & 0		0.000.00	5 40.00	540.00		5 400 00	
30-3730-0000	WATER TAP AND CONNECTION FEES	6,000.00	540.00	540.00	0.00	5,460.00	9
	3730 Water Tap & Connect Fees Subtotal	\$6,000.00	\$540.00	\$540.00	\$0.00	\$5,460.00	9
	Revenue Subtotal	\$6,000.00	\$540.00	\$540.00	\$0.00	\$5,460.00	9
After Transfers	Excess Of Revenue Subtotal	\$6,000.00	\$540.00	\$540.00	\$0.00		9
4000							
Revenue							
4000							
40-4000-1100	ARP DISTRIBUTION	451,275.58	225,637.79	225,637.79	0.00	225,637.79	50
	4000 Subtotal	\$451,275.58	\$225,637.79	\$225,637.79	\$0.00	\$225,637.79	50
	Revenue Subtotal	\$451,275.58	\$225,637.79	\$225,637.79	\$0.00	\$225,637.79	50
After Transfers	Excess Of Revenue Subtotal	\$451,275.58	\$225,637.79	\$225,637.79	\$0.00		50
4200 Administration	1						
Expenditure							
4200 Administration							
10-4200-0200		214,530.00	108,307.00	108,307.00	0.00	106,223.00	50
10-4200-0300		5,000.00	85.14	85.14	0.00	4,914.86	2
10-4200-0500		16,794.00	6,780.78	6,780.78	0.00	10,013.22	40
	HEALTH INSURANCE (MEDICAL)	28,502.00	11,594.40	11,594.40	0.00	16,907.60	41
	DENTAL, VISION, LIFE INSURANCE	4,470.00	2,316.12	2,316.12	0.00	2,153.88	52
	HEALTH REIMBUSEMENT ACC	3,750.00	1,875.00	1,875.00	0.00	1,875.00	50
	LGERS RETIREMENT	39,581.00	16,484.61	16,484.61	0.00	23,096.39	42
	401K SUPP RETIREMENT	10,976.00	5,292.95	5,292.95	0.00	5,683.05	48
	ACCOUNTING & TAXES	45,000.00	22,687.49	22,687.49	0.00	22,312.51	50
	POSTAGE, PRINTING, STATIONARY MILEAGE & BOARD SALARY	6,000.00	4,223.56 10,800.00	5,853.88	1,630.32	146.12	98
	SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT	22,000.00	*	10,800.00	0.00	11,200.00	49
		8,750.00	4,049.85	4,049.85	0.00	4,700.15	46 142
	DUES & FEES MISCELLANEOUS	5,000.00	5,645.50	7,123.50	1,478.00	-2,123.50	
	STAFF DEVELOPMENT	1,000.00 16,000.00	2,964.50 5,092.09	2,964.50 6,676.10	0.00 1,584.01	-1,964.50 9,323.90	296 42
10-4200-0300		\$427,353.00	\$208,198.99	\$212,891.32	\$4,692.33	\$214,461.68	50
	4200 Administration Subtotal Expenditure Subtotal	\$427,353.00	\$208,198.99	\$212,891.32	\$4,692.33	\$214,461.68	50
Before Transfers	Deficiency Of Revenue Subtotal	-\$427,353.00	-\$208,198.99	-\$208,198.99	-\$4,692.33	4214,401100	49
After Transfers	Deficiency Of Revenue Subtotal	-\$427,353.00	-\$208,198.99	-\$208,198.99	-\$4,692.33		49
	Deliciency of Nevertue Subtotal	-φ-421,555.00	-\$200,130.33	-\$200, 130.33	-\$4,032.33		73
4300 Expanditure							
Expenditure							
4300	4300 Subtotal	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$64.11	\$64.11	-\$64.11	0
	Expenditure Subtotal	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$64.11	\$64.11	-\$64.11	0
Before Transfers	Deficiency Of Revenue Subtotal	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	-\$64.11	70-111	0
After Transfers	Deficiency Of Revenue Subtotal	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	-\$64.11		0
	Denoted by Of Nevertue Subtotal	ψυ.υυ	ψ0.00	ψ0.00	-ψυ -τ . ι Ι		U

			Current	YTD With Encumbrance	Encumbrance	Remaining	
Account		Budget (\$)	Period (\$)	(\$)	(\$)	Balance (\$)	% Used
Expenditure							
5100 Police Department							
10-5100-0200 SALARIES		908,986.00	481,930.36	481,930.36	0.00	427,055.64	53
10-5100-0300 OVERTIME		26,000.00	16,585.44	16,585.44	0.00	9,414.56	64
10-5100-0400 SEPARATION ALLO	OWANCE	30,617.00	15,308.67	15,308.67	0.00	15,308.33	50
10-5100-0500 FICA		71,526.00	32,539.39	32,539.39	0.00	38,986.61	45
10-5100-0600 HEALTH INSURAN	CE (MEDICAL)	148,416.00	73,993.92	73,993.92	0.00	74,422.08	50
10-5100-0650 DENTAL, VISION, L	IFE INSURANCE	18,892.00	9,946.56	9,946.56	0.00	8,945.44	53
10-5100-0675 HRA HEALTH REIN	IB ACCT	25,500.00	12,750.00	12,750.00	0.00	12,750.00	50
10-5100-0700 LGERS RETIREME	NT	168,681.00	77,627.49	77,627.49	0.00	91,053.51	46
10-5100-0800 401K SUPP RETIRI	EMENT	45,474.00	24,348.24	24,348.24	0.00	21,125.76	54
10-5100-1500 MAINT/REPAIR - BI	LDG/GROUNDS	20,000.00	4,688.70	9,473.81	4,785.11	10,526.19	47
10-5100-1600 MAINT/REPAIR - E	QUIPMENT	2,000.00	240.26	324.26	84.00	1,675.74	16
10-5100-1700 MAINT/REPAIR - VI	EHICLES	12,000.00	2,507.43	6,163.30	3,655.87	5,836.70	51
10-5100-3100 MOTOR FUELS		13,000.00	8,951.24	8,951.24	0.00	4,048.76	69
10-5100-3300 SUPPLIES		10,000.00	2,774.30	2,774.30	0.00	7,225.70	28
10-5100-3600 UNIFORMS		7,500.00	3,351.25	7,133.36	3,782.11	366.64	95
10-5100-3700 SOFTWARE		50,000.00	45,772.90	56,209.89	10,436.99	-6.209.89	112
10-5100-3800 TECHNOLOGY		60,000.00	36,752.90	39,708.82	2,955.92	20,291.18	66
10-5100-5700 MISCELLANEOUS		7,500.00	7,646.21	7,730.21	84.00	-230.21	103
10-5100-5800 PHYSICAL EXAMS		5,000.00	760.00	2,087.90	1,327.90	2,912.10	42
10-5100-6500 STAFF DEVELOPM	IENIT	10,000.00	8,346.29	9,501.89	1,155.60	498.11	95
10-5100-7400 CAPITAL EQUIPME							91
		125,000.00	20,407.40	113,265.32	92,857.92	11,734.68	57
5100 Polic	e Department Subtotal	\$1,766,092.00	\$887,228.95	\$1,008,354.37	\$121,125.42	\$757,737.63	
D.C. T. C.	Expenditure Subtotal	\$1,766,092.00	\$887,228.95	\$1,008,354.37	\$121,125.42	\$757,737.63	57
	y Of Revenue Subtotal	-\$1,766,092.00	-\$887,228.95	-\$887,228.95	-\$121,125.42		50
After Transfers Deficience	y Of Revenue Subtotal	-\$1,766,092.00	-\$887,228.95	-\$887,228.95	-\$121,125.42		50
5200 Fire Services							
Expenditure							
5200 Fire Services							
10-5200-0000 FIRE CONTRACT		425,000.00	212,500.00	212,500.00	0.00	212,500.00	50
5200	Fire Services Subtotal	\$425,000.00	\$212,500.00	\$212,500.00	\$0.00	\$212,500.00	50
	Expenditure Subtotal	\$425,000.00	\$212,500.00	\$212,500.00	\$0.00	\$212,500.00	50
Before Transfers Deficience	y Of Revenue Subtotal	-\$425,000.00	-\$212,500.00	-\$212,500.00	\$0.00		50
After Transfers Deficience	y Of Revenue Subtotal	-\$425,000.00	-\$212,500.00	-\$212,500.00	\$0.00		50
5600 Public Works							
Expenditure							
5600 Public Works							
10-5600-0200 SALARIES		239,707.00	116,761.92	116,761.92	0.00	122,945.08	49
10-5600-0300 OVERTIME		15,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	15,000.00	0
10-5600-0500 FICA		19,485.00	7,385.83	7,385.83	0.00	12,099.17	38
10-5600-0550 UNEMPLOYMENT	INSURANCE	500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	500.00	0
10-5600-0600 HOSPITAL INSURA		46,872.00	17,261.15	17,261.15	0.00	29,610.85	37
	,	, -	,	,		,	

FY 2021-2022

REVENUE & EXPENDITURE STATEMENT

07/01/2021 To 12/31/2021

				YTD With			
Account		Budest (f)	Current	Encumbrance	Encumbrance	Remaining	9/ Head
Account		Budget (\$)	Period (\$)	(\$)	(\$)	Balance (\$)	% Used
	DENTAL, VISION, LIFE INSURANCE	6,739.00	2,023.56	2,023.56	0.00	4,715.44	30
	HRA HEALTH REIMB ACCT	9,000.00	3,062.50	3,062.50	0.00	5,937.50	34
10-5600-0700	LGERS RETIREMENT	45,924.00	17,529.49	17,529.49	0.00	28,394.51	38
10-5600-0800	401K SUPP RETIREMENT	12,735.00	5,443.36	5,443.36	0.00	7,291.64	43
10-5600-1000	OUTSIDE SERVICES	10,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10,000.00	0
10-5600-1300	STREETLIGHTS ELECTRIC	7,000.00	1,772.54	1,772.54	0.00	5,227.46	25
10-5600-1500	MAINT/REPAIR - BLDG/GROUNDS	10,000.00	1,251.08	1,251.08	0.00	8,748.92	13
10-5600-1600	MAINT/REPAIR- STREETLIGHTS	10,000.00	807.89	1,024.89	217.00	8,975.11	10
10-5600-1700	MAINT/REPAIR - VEHICLES	10,000.00	1,313.46	2,013.61	700.15	7,986.39	20
10-5600-3100	MOTOR FUELS	12,000.00	7,160.98	7,160.98	0.00	4,839.02	60
10-5600-3300	SUPPLIES	10,000.00	2,122.69	2,653.87	531.18	7,346.13	27
10-5600-3400	STREET SIGNS & NUMBERS	1,000.00	179.88	424.91	245.03	575.09	42
10-5600-3600	UNIFORMS	8,000.00	1,832.96	7,267.51	5,434.55	732.49	91
10-5600-3800	TECHNOLOGY	10,000.00	3,494.52	3,794.11	299.59	6,205.89	38
10-5600-5200	PARKS	50,000.00	1,902.29	7,696.65	5,794.36	42,303.35	15
10-5600-5202	GREENWOOD PARK STREAM RESTORA	300,000.00	16,423.28	16,423.28	0.00	283,576.72	5
10-5600-5800	PHYSICAL EXAMS	500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	500.00	0
10-5600-5900	MISCELLANEOUS	1,000.00	562.23	963.48	401.25	36.52	96
10-5600-6500	STAFF DEVELOPMENT	8,000.00	869.65	869.65	0.00	7,130.35	11
40-5600-7401	ARP CAPITAL PROJECTS	451,275.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	451,275.58	0
	5600 Public Works Subtotal	\$1,294,737.58	\$209,161.26	\$222,784.37	\$13,623.11	\$1,071,953.21	17
	Expenditure Subtotal	\$1,294,737.58	\$209,161.26	\$222,784.37	\$13,623.11	\$1,071,953.21	17
Before Transfers	Deficiency Of Revenue Subtotal	-\$1,294,737.58	-\$209,161.26	-\$209,161.26	-\$13,623.11		16
After Transfers	Deficiency Of Revenue Subtotal	-\$1,294,737.58	-\$209,161.26	-\$209,161.26	-\$13,623.11		16
5700 Streets & Tran	sportation						
Expenditure							
5700 Streets & Tra	nsportation						
	VEHICLE REPAIRS - STREET DEPT.	5,000.00	4,371.77	4,692.77	321.00	307.23	94
	CONTRACTS- PAVING & STRIPING	77,907.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	77,907.00	0
10-5700-2300		10,000.00	3,619.40	5,221.65	1,602.25	4,778.35	52
	TRAFFIC SIGNS	500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	500.00	0
	STORM WATER DRAINAGE	100,000.00	2,831.95	3,062.00	230.05	96,938.00	3
	TECHNOLOGY	5,000.00	2,283.89	2,283.89	0.00	2,716.11	46
	STAFF DEVELOPMENT	1,000.00	157.83	157.83	0.00	842.17	16
	CAPITAL EQUIPMENT PURCHASES	5,000.00	199.95	199.95	0.00	4,800.05	4
				21,695.75	0.00		
10-3700-7300	ENGINEERING	75,000.00	21,695.75	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		53,304.25	29
	5700 Streets & Transportation Subtotal	\$279,407.00	\$35,160.54	\$37,313.84	\$2,153.30	\$242,093.16	13
Defension Transfers	Expenditure Subtotal	\$279,407.00	\$35,160.54	\$37,313.84	\$2,153.30	\$242,093.16	13
Before Transfers	Deficiency Of Revenue Subtotal	-\$279,407.00	-\$35,160.54	-\$35,160.54	-\$2,153.30		13
After Transfers	Deficiency Of Revenue Subtotal	-\$279,407.00	-\$35,160.54	-\$35,160.54	-\$2,153.30		13
5800 Sanitation & R	ecycling						
Expenditure							
5800 Sanitation &	Recycling						

REVENUE & EXPENDITURE STATEMENT

				YTD With			
Account		Budget (\$)	Current Period (\$)	Encumbrance (\$)	Encumbrance (\$)	Remaining Balance (\$)	% Used
10-5800-0200	SALARIES	121,642.00	59,898.92	59,898.92	0.00	61,743.08	49
10-5800-0300	OVERTIME	10,000.00	286.10	286.10	0.00	9,713.90	3
10-5800-0500	FICA	10,071.00	4,003.07	4,003.07	0.00	6,067.93	40
10-5800-0600	HEALTH INSURANCE (MEDICAL)	34,400.00	10,295.28	10,295.28	0.00	24,104.72	30
10-5800-0650	DENTAL, VISION, LIFE INSURANCE	4,170.00	979.68	979.68	0.00	3,190.32	23
10-5800-0675	HRA HEALTH REIMB ACCT	4,500.00	2,250.00	2,250.00	0.00	2,250.00	50
10-5800-0700	LGERS RETIREMENT	23,735.00	9,450.01	9,450.01	0.00	14,284.99	40
10-5800-0800	401K SUPP RETIREMENT	6,582.00	3,052.51	3,052.51	0.00	3,529.49	46
10-5800-1700	MAINT/REPAIRS - VEHICLES	13,000.00	13,421.19	20,400.15	6,978.96	-7,400.15	157
10-5800-3100	MOTOR FUELS	12,000.00	9,119.28	9,119.28	0.00	2,880.72	76
10-5800-3300	SUPPLIES	0.00	202.45	202.45	0.00	-202.45	0
10-5800-3600	UNIFORMS	1,000.00	632.72	632.72	0.00	367.28	63
10-5800-3800	TECHNOLOGY	1,000.00	276.08	276.08	0.00	723.92	28
10-5800-5800	PHYSICAL EXAMS	500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	500.00	0
10-5800-5900	MISCELLANEOUS	1,000.00	531.64	531.64	0.00	468.36	53
10-5800-6000	CAPITAL OUTLAY	55,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	55,000.00	0
10-5800-8000	TIPPING FEES & BRUSH REMOVAL	50,000.00	24,169.60	24,169.60	0.00	25,830.40	48
10-5800-8100		12,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	12,000.00	0
	5800 Sanitation & Recycling Subtotal	\$360,600.00	\$138,568.53	\$145,547.49	\$6,978.96	\$215,052.51	40
	Expenditure Subtotal	\$360,600.00	\$138,568.53	\$145,547.49	\$6,978.96	\$215,052.51	40
Before Transfers	Deficiency Of Revenue Subtotal	-\$360,600.00	-\$138,568.53	-\$138,568.53	-\$6,978.96		38
After Transfers	Deficiency Of Revenue Subtotal	-\$360,600.00	-\$138,568.53	-\$138,568.53	-\$6,978.96		38
6600 General Gover	rnment						
Expenditure							
6600 General Gove	ernment						
10-6600-0401	LEGAL SERVICES	35,000.00	11,346.37	11,346.37	0.00	23,653.63	32
10-6600-1100	TECHNOLOGY	95,000.00	36,898.63	36,898.63	0.00	58,101.37	39
10-6600-1300	MUNICIPAL UTILITIES	20,000.00	10,094.20	10,094.20	0.00	9,905.80	50
10-6600-1500	GE. REPS. AND MAINT.	25,000.00	18,771.16	19,313.83	542.67	5,686.17	77
10-6600-5400	INSURANCE	90,000.00	80,377.27	80,377.27	0.00	9,622.73	89
10-6600-6000	CONTINGENCY	48,931.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	48,931.00	0
10-6600-6100	MISCELLANEOUS	5,000.00	1,794.15	4,572.04	2,777.89	427.96	91
10-6600-6301	4TH OF JULY	7,500.00	5,675.45	6,786.54	1,111.09	713.46	90
10-6600-6302	NATIONAL NIGHT OUT	2,000.00	3,327.90	3,465.67	137.77	-1,465.67	173
10-6600-6303	HOLIDAY LIGHTING	14,000.00	792.70	792.70	0.00	13,207.30	6
10-6600-6304	ARBOR DAY EVENT	2,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,000.00	0
10-6600-6400	WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT	1,000.00	625.92	1,118.12	492.20	-118.12	112
10-6600-6500	FOREST MANAGEMENT	60,000.00	12,150.00	16,550.00	4,400.00	43,450.00	28
	6600 General Government Subtotal	\$405,431.00	\$181,853.75	\$191,648.83	\$9,795.08	\$213,782.17	47
	Expenditure Subtotal	\$405,431.00	\$181,853.75	\$191,648.83	\$9,795.08	\$213,782.17	47
Before Transfers	Deficiency Of Revenue Subtotal	-\$405,431.00	-\$181,853.75	-\$181,853.75	-\$9,795.08		45
After Transfers	Deficiency Of Revenue Subtotal	-\$405,431.00	-\$181,853.75	-\$181,853.75	-\$9,795.08		45
6700 Debt Service							

REVENUE & EXPENDITURE STATEMENT

Account		Budget (\$)	Current	YTD With Encumbrance	Encumbrance	Remaining	% Used
		Budget (\$\pi\$)	Period (\$)	(\$)	(\$)	Balance (\$)	/0 USEC
Expenditure							
6700 Debt Service							
	Police Dept Renovations-Principal	23,334.00	11,666.66	11,666.66	0.00	11,667.34	50
	Street Improvements-Principal	6,667.00	3,333.34	3,333.34	0.00	3,333.66	50
	Public Works Building-Principal	84,211.00	42,458.79	42,458.79	0.00	41,752.21	50
10-6700-0600	2020 POLICE CARS-PRINCIPAL	28,327.00	56,654.00	56,654.00	0.00	-28,327.00	200
10-6700-1100	Police Dept Renovations-Interest	2,334.00	1,277.94	1,277.94	0.00	1,056.06	55
10-6700-1200	Street Improvements-Interest	667.00	365.12	365.12	0.00	301.88	55
10-6700-1500	Public Works Building-Interest	20,514.00	10,257.00	10,257.00	0.00	10,257.00	50
10-6700-1600	2020 POLICE CARS-INTEREST	1,580.00	3,157.52	3,157.52	0.00	-1,577.52	200
	6700 Debt Service Subtotal	\$167,634.00	\$129,170.37	\$129,170.37	\$0.00	\$38,463.63	77
	Expenditure Subtotal	\$167,634.00	\$129,170.37	\$129,170.37	\$0.00	\$38,463.63	77
Before Transfers	Deficiency Of Revenue Subtotal	-\$167,634.00	-\$129,170.37	-\$129,170.37	\$0.00		77
After Transfers	Deficiency Of Revenue Subtotal	-\$167,634.00	-\$129,170.37	-\$129,170.37	\$0.00		77
100 Water Dept.							
xpenditure							
8100 Water Dept.							
30-8100-0200	SALARIES	142,619.00	48,146.54	48,146.54	0.00	94,472.46	34
30-8100-0400	PROFESSIONAL SERVICES	10,000.00	2,545.00	3,617.50	1,072.50	6,382.50	36
30-8100-0500	FICA	10,910.00	3,396.59	3,396.59	0.00	7,513.41	31
30-8100-0600	HEALTH INSURANCE (MEDICAL)	18,351.00	8,276.29	8,276.29	0.00	10,074.71	45
30-8100-0650	DENTAL, VISION, LIFE INSURANCE	2,718.00	1,245.80	1,245.80	0.00	1,472.20	46
30-8100-0675	HRA HEALTH REIMBUSEMENT ACCT	2,250.00	1,437.50	1,437.50	0.00	812.50	64
30-8100-0700	LGERS RETIREMENT	25,714.00	8,253.64	8,253.64	0.00	17,460.36	32
30-8100-0800	401K SUPP RETIREMENT	7,131.00	2,774.39	2,774.39	0.00	4,356.61	39
30-8100-1200	POSTAGE, PRINTING,& STATIONARY	5,000.00	394.22	871.42	477.20	4,128.58	17
30-8100-1500	GENERAL REPAIRS	10,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10,000.00	(
30-8100-3300	SUPPLIES & EQUIPMENT	15,000.00	2,487.56	5,980.32	3,492.76	9,019.68	40
30-8100-3800	TECHNOLOGY	5,000.00	2,283.89	2,283.89	0.00	2,716.11	46
30-8100-4800	WATER PURCHASES	146,066.00	104,384.72	104,384.72	0.00	41,681.28	7
	SEWER PURCHASES	275,595.00	119,888.17	119,888.17	0.00	155,706.83	44
30-8100-5000	AMI TRANSMITTER FEES	7,700.00	4,315.61	4,315.61	0.00	3,384.39	56
30-8100-5700	MISCELLANEOUS	14,284.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	14,284.00	C
	STAFF DEVELOPMENT	5,000.00	3,408.65	4,079.29	670.64	920.71	82
	CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT	100,000.00	0.00	18,511.35	18,511.35	81,488.65	19
	8100 Water Dept. Subtotal	\$803,338.00	\$313,238.57	\$337,463.02	\$24,224.45	\$465,874.98	42
	Expenditure Subtotal	\$803,338.00	\$313,238.57	\$337,463.02	\$24,224.45	\$465,874.98	42
Before Transfers	Deficiency Of Revenue Subtotal	-\$803,338.00	-\$313,238.57	-\$313,238.57	-\$24,224.45	Ţ	39
	Donolono, Or Novembe Gubiotal	4000,000.00	Ψ0.0,200.01	Ψ0.0,£00.01	Ψ=→,447.70		- 55

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS MEETING STAFF MEMORANDUM

January 11, 2022



Agenda Item D-1

FY21 Audit Presentation Ms. Levonia Reese Carter P.C.

Background

Each year, the Town, and all other local government agencies in North Carolina, are required to complete an independent audit of financial statements. These audits are sent to the North Carolina Local Government Commission (LGC) for review and comments. The Town's audit was provided to the LGC in mid-November and we have received initial comment and approval of the audit.

Ms. Levonia Reese, a partner with the Town's independent audit firm, Carter P.C., will attend the meeting, address the audit, and answer questions from the Board. A bound, hard copy of the audit was previously provided to the Board of Commissioners. A draft of the audit is included with this agenda packet and is posted to the website.



Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2021



Board of Commissioners

George F. Goosmann III, Mayor Doris P. Loomis, Mayor Pro Tem Fran G. Cogburn E. Glenn Kelly

Administrative and Financial Staff

Jonathan Kanipe, Town Manager Krystal Curtis, Finance Director Laura Jacobs, Town Clerk

Chief of Police

Chris Beddingfield

Public Works Director

Harry Buckner

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FINANCIAL SECTION	<u>PAGE</u>
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1-3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4-12
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Activities	14
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Annual Budget and Actual - General Fund	19
Statement of Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund	21
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund	22
Notes to the Financial Statements	23-51

TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

	<u>PAGE</u>
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	TAGE
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - Local Government Employees' Retirement System	52
Schedule of Contributions - Local Government Employees' Retirement System	53
Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability - Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance	54
Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	55
Schedule of Town's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability	56
Schedule of Town Contributions - Retiree Health Benefit Fund	57
INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund	58-60
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Capital Project Fund	61
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Enterprise Fund: Water Fund	62
OTHER SCHEDULES	
Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable	63
Analysis of Current Tax Levy	64



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Commissioners Town of Biltmore Forest, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Biltmore Forest, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Commissioners Town of Biltmore Forest, North Carolina Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Biltmore Forest, North Carolina as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 12, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Contributions, on pages 52 and 53, respectively, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll on pages 54 and 55, respectively, and the Other Postemployment Benefits' Schedules of the Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability and Contributions, on pages 56 and 57, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of Town of Biltmore Forest, North Carolina. The individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Commissioners Town of Biltmore Forest, North Carolina Page 3

Supplementary and Other Information (continued)

The individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit and the procedures performed as described above, the individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Asheville, North Carolina November 22, 2021

CARTER, P.C.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Biltmore Forest (the "Town"), we offer readers of the Town of Biltmore Forest's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Biltmore Forest for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

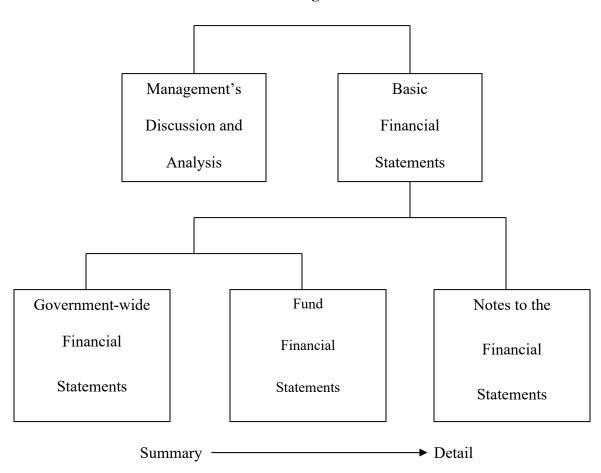
Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$6,165,337 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$422,877, primarily due to high property tax collection rates and continued diligence in cost saving measures in all areas of the government.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,872,002, with a net increase of \$336,130 in fund balance. Approximately 12% of combined ending fund balances, or \$471,063, is non-spendable or restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$3,400,939, or 83% of total general fund expenditures.
- The Town's total debt decreased by \$335,609 (7%) during the current fiscal year. The key factors in this decrease were scheduled principal payments of \$176,910 and a \$500,116 decrease in the net OPEB obligation. Decreases were partially offset by increases in pension related debt.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Biltmore Forest's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Biltmore Forest.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report Figure 1



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 8) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the North Carolina General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, streets and public works, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water services offered by the Town of Biltmore Forest.

The government-wide financial statements are Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Biltmore Forest, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Biltmore Forest adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds - The Town of Biltmore Forest has one kind of proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Biltmore Forest uses an enterprise fund to account for its water activity. The fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 23 of this report.

Other Information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 52 of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities: The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and State laws and federal and State appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign governments and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Town of Biltmore Forest's Net Position Figure 2

	Government	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To	tal
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Current and other assets	\$ 3,972,368	\$ 3,631,389	\$ 681,614	\$ 463,664	\$ 4,653,982	\$ 4,095,053
Capital assets	3,996,139	4,108,167	2,081,393	2,248,362	6,077,532	6,356,529
Total assets	7,968,507	7,739,556	2,763,007	2,712,026	10,731,514	10,451,582
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,091,300	1,063,673	34,854	13,132	1,126,154	1,076,805
Long-term liabilities outstanding	3,978,532	4,347,930	113,627	45,465	4,092,159	4,393,395
Other liabilities	216,857	271,226	86,724	16,433	303,581	287,659
Total liabilities	4,195,389	4,619,156	200,351	61,898	4,395,740	4,681,054
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,245,424	1,088,652	51,167	16,221	1,296,591	1,104,873
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	3,217,124	3,152,242	2,081,393	2,248,362	5,298,517	5,400,604
Restricted	468,834	357,410			468,834	357,410
Unrestricted	(66,964)	(414,231)	464,950	398,677	397,986	(15,554)
Total net position	\$ 3,618,994	\$ 3,095,421	\$ 2,546,343	\$ 2,647,039	\$ 6,165,337	\$ 5,742,460

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Biltmore Forest exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$6,165,337 as of June 30, 2021. The Town's net position increased by \$422,877 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. However, the largest portion reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The Town of Biltmore Forest uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Biltmore Forest's net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town's net position, \$471,063, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a tax collection percentage of 99.03%. The statewide average in fiscal year 2021 was 98.96%.
- Continued efforts in cost savings by Town management.

Town of Biltmore Forest's Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	T	otal
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 33,024	\$ 21,626	\$ 762,793	\$ 783,275	\$ 795,817	\$ 804,901
Operating grants and contributions	110,132	62,549			110,132	62,549
General revenues:						
Property taxes	2,790,373	2,734,085			2,790,373	2,734,085
Sales taxes	1,224,493	1,069,918			1,224,493	1,069,918
Franchise and utilities taxes	213,010	212,016			213,010	212,016
Alcohol beverage tax	5,655	5,885			5,655	5,885
Gasoline tax	3,608	4,050			3,608	4,050
Investment earnings	936	48,250	15	1,262	951	49,512
Miscellaneous	58,475	43,178			58,475	43,178
Total revenues	4,439,706	4,201,557	762,808	784,537	5,202,514	4,986,094
Expenses:						
General government	809,583	819,951			809,583	819,951
Public safety	2,021,375	2,143,041			2,021,375	2,143,041
Transportation	372.902	223,728			372,902	223,728
Physical development	681,628	877,437			681,628	877,437
Interest on long-term debt	30,645	46,898			30,645	46,898
Water	30,043	40,090	962 504	806,893	863,504	806,893
	3,916,133	4,111,055	863,504 863,504	806,893	4,779,637	4,917,948
Total expenses	3,910,133	4,111,033	603,304	800,893	4,//9,03/	4,917,940
Increase (decrease) in net position	523,573	90,502	(100,696)	(22,356)	422,877	68,146
Net position, beginning	3,095,421	3,004,919	2,647,039	2,669,395	5,742,460	5,674,314
Net position, ending	\$ 3,618,994	\$ 3,095,421	\$ 2,546,343	\$ 2,647,039	\$ 6,165,337	\$ 5,742,460

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$523,573, The increase net position was the result of increased revenue generation as well a concerted effort to control costs and manage expenditures. Town management continued to reduce non-essential programs to a minimum and implemented cost saving strategies across Town departments. Town management believes that healthy investment in the Town will result in additional revenues, adding to the Town's net position by investing in capital assets which were largely funded by governmental activities. Town management acknowledges that 2021 was a successful year and plans on improving its approaches to realize continued fiscal health.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities decreased the Town of Biltmore Forest's net position by \$100,696. The key elements of this decrease were depreciation on the water system and increased costs of providing pensions to employees. The Town does not have control over the costs of providing pensions, these costs are actuarially determined each year.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Biltmore Forest uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Biltmore Forest's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Biltmore Forest's financing requirements.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$3,400,939 while total fund balance reached \$3,872,002. The Governing Body of the Town of Biltmore Forest has determined that the Town should maintain an available fund balance of 25-35% of general fund expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the Town. The Town currently has an available fund balance of 78% of budgeted general fund expenditures, and total fund balance represents 94% of the same amount.

At June 30, 2021, governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$3,872,002, with a net increase in fund balance of \$336,130. Included in this change in fund balance is a decrease in fund balance in the Capital Project Fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

There were several reasons the Town revised its budget throughout the year. Expenditures were held in check with budgeted amounts for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Proprietary Fund. The Town of Biltmore Forest's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$464,950. The total change in net position for the Water Fund was (\$100,696). The change in net position in the Water Fund is primarily a result of depreciation on the water system and increased expenses related to pensions and OPEB.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town of Biltmore Forest's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021, totals \$6,077,532 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads and bridges, land, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following:

- Completion of two stormwater repair projects for \$382,453
- Purchase of two new police vehicles
- Sale of three police vehicles

Town of Biltmore Forest's Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Figure 4

	_(Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Total				
	_	2021	_	2020	2021	_	2020		2021		2020
Land	\$	176,441	\$	161,650	\$		\$	\$	176,441	\$	161,650
Construction in progress				253,617							253,617
Buildings and systems		2,132,077		2,194,999	2,079,0)46	2,245,676		4,211,123		4,440,675
Improvements other than buildings		65,521		70,496					65,521		70,496
Equipment and furniture		27,382		21,470					27,382		21,470
Vehicles and motorized equipment		677,375		804,992	2,3	347	2,686		679,722		807,678
Infrastructure		917,343		600,943					917,343		600,943
Total	\$	3,996,139	\$	4,108,167	\$ 2,081,3	393	<u>\$ 2,248,362</u>	\$	6,077,532	\$	6,356,529

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 3.A.4 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2021, the Town of Biltmore Forest had total debt outstanding of \$4,234,695. The installment debt is backed by security interest in the property for which it was issued. The Town's other debt consisted of compensated absences and pension and OPEB related debt and is backed by the full faith and credit of the Town.

Town of Biltmore Forest's Outstanding Debt Figure 5

	Governmen	Governmental Activities		pe Activities	Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Installment debt	\$ 779.015	\$ 955,925	\$	\$	\$ 779,015	\$ 955,925	
OPEB	1,904,897	2,405,013	82,254	36,378	1,987,151	2,441,391	
Pension related debt (LGERS)	690,240	530,783	29,805	8,028	720,045	538,811	
Pension related debt (LEO)	684,752	560,077			684,752	560,077	
Compensated absences	62,164	73,041	1,568	1,059	63,732	74,100	
Total	<u>\$ 4,121,068</u>	\$ 4,524,839	\$ 113,627	<u>\$ 45,465</u>	<u>\$ 4,234,695</u>	\$ 4,570,304	

The Town's total debt decreased by \$335,609 (7%) during the current fiscal year. The key factors in this decrease were scheduled principal payments of \$176,910 and a \$500,116 decrease in the net OPEB obligation. Decreases were partially offset by increases in pension related debt.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the Town of Biltmore Forest is \$64,398,146.

Additional information regarding the Town of Biltmore Forest's long-term debt can be found in Note 3.B.6 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Town:

- Consistent property values in the current fiscal year as well as several building permits issued relating to new construction, improvements, additions, and other enhancements to properties should result in higher property valuations in subsequent years.
- Continued effort by the Town to limit excess costs.
- COVID-19 is expected to impact future revenues and those expected impacts have been reflected, to the best of the Town's abilities, in the budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022

Governmental Activities: Property taxes and sales taxes are budgeted to account for 63% and 27% of General Fund revenues, respectively. These percentages are consistent with the prior year. The Town will use expected increases in these revenues to finance programs currently in place.

Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund are expected to increase approximately 7% to \$4,676,481. The largest increment is in public safety.

The Town has chosen not to appropriate fund balance in the fiscal year 2022 budget. Management believes that increased revenues and continued restrictions on spending will maintain the Town's financial position. Though management believes current growth will generate enough revenue to support Town operations, a careful analysis of property tax revenue will be considered in future years' budgets.

Business-type Activities: Expenditures in the Water Fund are expected to remain consistent with the prior year with only a 0.13% decrease. There were no budgeted increases in water and sewer rates for the next fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Town Manager, Town of Biltmore Forest, 355 Vanderbilt Road, Biltmore Forest, North Carolina 28803. One can also call (828) 274-0824, visit our website www.biltmoreforest.org, or send an email to townhall@biltmoreforest.org for more information.



Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	Primary Government					
	Governmental			Business-type		
		Activities		<u>Activities</u>		Total
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,532,503	\$	587,911	\$	4,120,414
Taxes receivable (net)		19,449				19,449
Accounts receivable (net)				82,603		82,603
Due from other governments		418,187				418,187
Inventories	_	2,229		11,100		13,329
Total current assets		3,972,368		681,614		4,653,982
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets:						
Land and construction in progress		176,441				176,441
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	_	3,819,698		2,081,393	_	5,901,091
Total capital assets		3,996,139	_	2,081,393		6,077,532
Total assets	\$	7,968,507	\$	2,763,007	\$	10,731,514
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,091,300	\$	34,854	\$	1,126,154
Liabilities						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	74,321	\$	86,724	\$	161,045
Current portion of long-term liabilities		142,536				142,536
Total current liabilities		216,857		86,724		303,581
Long-term liabilities:						
Due in more than one year		3,978,532	_	113,627	_	4,092,159
Total liabilities	\$	4,195,389	\$	200,351	\$	4,395,740
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	1,245,424	\$	51,167	2	1,296,591
Deterred inflows of resources	Ψ	1,273,727	Ψ	<u> </u>	Ψ	1,270,371
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	3,217,124	\$	2,081,393	\$	5,298,517
Restricted:						
Stabilization by State Statute		468,834				468,834
Unrestricted (deficit)		(66,964)		464,950		397,986
Total net position	\$	3,618,994	\$	2,546,343	\$	6,165,337

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

					Net	(Expense) Revenu	e
]	Program Revenu	es	and Ch	anges in Net Posit	ion
			Operating	Capital	Govern-	Business-	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	mental	type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 809,583	\$ 33,024	\$ 52,717	\$	\$ (723,842)	\$	(723,842)
Public safety	2,021,375				(2,021,375)		(2,021,375)
Transportation	372,902		56,403		(316,499)		(316,499)
Physical development	681,628		1,012		(680,616)		(680,616)
Interest on long-term debt	30,645				(30,645)		(30,645)
Total governmental activities (See Note 1)	3,916,133	33,024	110,132		(3,772,977)		(3,772,977)
(See Note 1)							
Business-type activities:							
Water	863,504	762,793				(100,711)	(100,711)
Total primary government	\$ 4,779,637	\$ 795,817	\$ 110,132	\$	(3,772,977)	(100,711)	(3,873,688)
	General rever	nues:					
	Taxes:						
	Property	taxes, levied for g	general purpose		2,790,373		2,790,373
	Sales tax	es			1,224,493		1,224,493
	Franchise	e and utilities taxe	es		213,010		213,010
	Alcohol l	beverage tax			5,655		5,655
	Gasoline	tax			3,608		3,608
	Unrestricte	d investment earr	nings		936	15	951
	Miscellane	ous			58,475		58,475
	Total general	revenues			4,296,550	15	4,296,565
	Change in 1	net position			523,573	(100,696)	422,877
	Net position,	beginning			3,095,421	2,647,039	5,742,460
	Net position,	ending			\$ 3,618,994	<u>\$ 2,546,343 </u>	6,165,337

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

		General	Capital	
		Fund	Project Fund	 Total
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,532,503	\$	\$ 3,532,503
Taxes receivable (net)		19,449		19,449
Due from other governments		418,187		418,187
Inventories		2,229		 2,229
Total assets	\$	3,972,368	\$	\$ 3,972,368
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	74,321	\$	\$ 74,321
Deferred inflows of resources		26,045		 26,045
Fund balances				
Nonspendable:				
Inventories		2,229		2,229
Restricted:				
Stabilization by State statute		468,834		468,834
Unassigned		3,400,939		 3,400,939
Total fund balances		3,872,002		 3,872,002
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources, and fund balances	\$	3,972,368	\$	\$ 3,972,368

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds (continued) June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:

Total Fund Balances, Governmental Funds		\$ 3,872,002
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation	\$ 7,074,050 (3,077,911)	3,996,139
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds		699,570
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds		391,730
Earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements		19,449
Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds Gross long-term debt Accrued compensated absences Net pension liability Total pension liability OPEB liability	(779,015) (62,164) (684,752) (690,240) (1,904,897)	(4,121,068)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds		(67,735)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds		 (1,171,093)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 3,618,994

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		General	Capital		
		Fund	Project Fund	_	Total
Revenues	_		_	_	
Ad valorem taxes	\$	2,770,924	\$	\$	2,770,924
Unrestricted intergovernmental		1,446,766			1,446,766
Restricted intergovernmental		110,417			110,417
Permits and fees		33,024			33,024
Investment earnings		936			936
Miscellaneous		52,450			52,450
Total revenues		4,414,517			4,414,517
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government		754,243			754,243
Public safety		2,099,730			2,099,730
Transportation		303,828			303,828
Physical development		735,869			735,869
Debt service:					
Principal		176,910			176,910
Interest and other charges		30,645			30,645
Total expenditures		4,101,225			4,101,225
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures		313,292		_	313,292
Other financing sources					
Sales of capital assets		22,838			22,838
Transfers (to) from other funds		103,326	(103,326)		
Total other financing sources		126,164	(103,326)		22,838
Net change in fund balance		439,456	(103,326)	ı	336,130
Fund balance, beginning		3,432,546	103,326		3,535,872
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$</u>	3,872,002	\$	<u>\$</u>	3,872,002

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	336,130
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized Net book value of capital assets which were sold Depreciation expense for governmental assets	\$ 248,384 (31,889) (343,314)		(126,819)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds Amount of donated assets Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenue	 14,791 19,449		34,240
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities			164,530
Benefit payments paid and administrative expense for the LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities			15,309
OPEB benefit payments and administrative costs made in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities			104,729
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Principal payments on long-term debt			176,910
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences Pension expense	10,877 (334,726)		(101.450)
OPEB plan expense Total changes in net position of governmental activities	 142,393	•	(181,456) 523,573
rotal changes in het position of governmental activities		<u> </u>	343,373

General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	01	F: 1	Actual	Variance with final budget-positive
Davianuas	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	(negative)
Revenues Ad valorem taxes	\$ 2,743,227	¢ 2.796.200	¢ 2.770.024	\$ (15,475)
	1,138,733	\$ 2,786,399	\$ 2,770,924 1,446,766	\$ (15,475) 169,031
Unrestricted intergovernmental Restricted intergovernmental	63,450	1,277,735 110,071		346
Permits and fees	21,400		110,417	
		36,400	33,024 936	(3,376)
Investment earnings	30,000	1,000		(64)
Miscellaneous	52,645	59,145	52,450	(6,695)
Total revenues	4,049,455	4,270,750	4,414,517	143,767
Expenditures				
Current:	701 077	920 641	754 242	76 200
General government	784,872	830,641	754,243	76,398
Public safety	2,026,339	2,102,017	2,099,730	2,287
Transportation	222,445	366,946	303,828	63,118
Physical development Debt service:	1,124,445	862,445	735,869	126,576
	170 045	179.045	176.010	1 125
Principal retirement	178,045	178,045	176,910	1,135
Interest and other charges	30,647	30,713	30,645	68
Total expenditures	4,366,793	4,370,807	4,101,225	269,582
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(317,338)	(100,057)	313,292	413,349
Other financing sources (uses)				
Sales of capital assets	15,000	21,000	22,838	1,838
Transfers from other funds	13,000	21,000	103,326	103,326
Installment purchase obligations issued	300,000		103,320	103,520
Total other financing sources (uses)	315,000	21,000	126,164	105,164
Fund balance appropriated		88,429		(88,429)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (2,338)	<u>\$ 9,372</u>	439,456	<u>\$ 430,084</u>
Fund balance, beginning			3,432,546	
Fund balance, ending			\$ 3,872,002	

Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2021

Assets Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	587,911
Accounts receivable (net)	4	82,603
Inventories		11,100
Total current assets		681,614
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets, net of depreciation		2,081,393
Total assets	\$	2,763,007
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	34,854
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	86,724
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences		1,568
Net pension liability		29,805
Total OPEB liability		82,254
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	113,627
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	200,351
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	51,167
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	2,081,393
Unrestricted		464,950
Total net position	\$	2,546,343

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Operating revenues	
Water sales	\$ 737,059
Water tap and connection fees	9,290
AMI transmitter charges	8,309
Commissions, sewer charge collection	<u>8,135</u>
Total operating revenues	<u>762,793</u>
Operating expenses	
Salaries	66,765
Payroll taxes	5,068
Employee benefits	96,640
Maintenance and supplies	24,559
Water and sewer purchases	493,197
Professional services	5,653
Depreciation	166,969
Training and education	4,653
Total operating expenses	<u>863,504</u>
Operating loss	(100,711)
Nonoperating revenues Investment earnings	15
Change in net position	(100,696)
Net position, beginning	2,647,039
Total net position, ending	<u>\$ 2,546,343</u>

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from customers Cash paid for goods and services Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	771,440 (457,771) (87,087) 226,582
Cash flows from investing activities Interest		<u>15</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		226,597
Balances, beginning		361,314
Balances, ending	<u>\$</u>	587,911
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	(100,711)
Depreciation Changes in assets, and deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources:		166,969
Decrease in accounts receivable Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Increase in accrued compensated absences Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions Increase in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB Increase in net pension liability Increase in OPEB liability Increase in deferred inflows of resources - pensions Increase in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB Total adjustments	_	8,647 70,291 509 (12,779) (8,943) 21,777 45,876 312 34,634 327,293
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	226,582

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Biltmore Forest conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a three-member board of commissioners.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a specific function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a specific program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and proprietary - are presented. The Town has no fiduciary funds to report. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance, and construction.

Capital Project Fund. This fund is used to account for the construction of the new Public Works building.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's water operations.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Biltmore Forest because the tax is levied by Buncombe County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. A project ordinance is adopted for the Capital Project Fund. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds.

Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States, obligations of the State of North Carolina, bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority, obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies, certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's investments are reported at fair value. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, is measured at fair value. Because the NCCMT Government Portfolio has a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, it is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income and considers all cash and investments to be cash and cash equivalents. The Town considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values of January 1, 2020.

4. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

5. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the Town are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The Town's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies and fuel that are recorded as expenditures as used rather than when purchased.

The inventories of the Town's enterprise fund consist of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The cost of these inventories is expensed when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land, \$10,000; buildings, improvements, substations, lines, and other plant and distribution systems, \$15,000; infrastructure, \$20,000; equipment and furniture, \$5,000; vehicles and motorized equipment, \$10,000; computer software, \$5,000; and computer equipment, \$500. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of the road network and water system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings and system	40
Infrastructure	5-20
Equipment and furniture	3-10
Vehicles and motorized equipment	5-10
Computer equipment	3
Computer software	3
Substations, lines, and related equipment	40
Other improvements	10-40

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has two items that meet this criterion - pension and OPEB related deferrals for the 2021 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has several items that meet the criterion for this category - prepaid taxes, property taxes receivable, and pension and OPEB related deferrals.

8. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

In fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether withheld from the actual debt proceeds received or not, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

10. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are externally imposed either by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - this classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories - portion of fund balance that is <u>not</u> an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance - this classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute." Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Committed Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the Town of Biltmore Forest's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned Fund Balance - portion of fund balance that the Town of Biltmore Forest intends to use for specific purposes.

Unassigned Fund Balance - the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town of Biltmore Forest has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Town Manager will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-town funds, town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed inorder by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Town Manager has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

The Town has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the general fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the Town in such a manner that available fund balance is in the range of 25-35% of budgeted expenditures. Any portion of the general fund balance in excess of 35% of budgeted expenditures may be appropriated for one-time expenditures and may not be used for any purpose that would obligate the Town in a future budget.

11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and the Retiree Health Benefit Fund (RHBF) and additions to/deductions from LGERS and RHBF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS and RHBF. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town of Biltmore Forest's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS and RHBF. Investments are reported at fair value.

F. Contract for Fire Suppression Service and Emergency Medical Service

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the Town entered into an agreement with Skyland Fire and Rescue Corporation, a municipal corporation, through which Skyland Fire and Rescue would provide fire protection services and emergency medical services for the Town. The initial term of the contract is for 15 years, ending on September 1, 2028, with the option to continue with mutually agreeable terms. The cost of the services rendered by Skyland Fire and Rescue for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was \$425,000.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. <u>Budget Ordinance Violation</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town's original budget ordinance did not balance by (\$2,338) due to a formula error in the budget spreadsheet. This error was corrected in a subsequent budget amendment approved by the Board of Commissioners, however some additional budget errors occurred in budget amendments causing the final budget to be out of balance by \$9,372.

Corrective Action Plan

Management of the Town understands that the original budget was out of balance by \$2,338 due to a formula error in the budget spreadsheet. While this error was corrected in a subsequent budget amendment, there were additional budget errors in subsequent amendments that resulted in the final budget being out of balance by \$9,372. We acknowledge that these errors were oversights within the budget spreadsheet development process, and assert the following for our corrective action plan to resolve these issues:

- Both the original budget ordinance, and subsequent budget amendments, will be reviewed for balance prior to submitting to the Board of Commissioners. These reviews will comprise the following steps:
 - o If the Finance Director creates the budget amendment within the spreadsheet, the Town Manager/Finance Officer will review the proposed amendment for balance compliance. This review will be documented on the staff memorandum provided to the Board of Commissioners prior to their consideration of the budget amendment.
 - o If the Town Manager/Finance Officer creates the budget amendment, the process above will be reversed and the Finance Director will review the proposed amendment and provide documentation of compliance to the Board of Commissioners prior to their consideration of the budget amendment.
- Town management will also insert language into the budget amendment ordinance verifying that the above verifications have occurred.

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization. This risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2021, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$220,904 and a bank balance of \$235,248. The entire bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance. At June 30, 2021, the Town's petty cash fund totaled \$185.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2021, the Town had \$3,899,325 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Town has no policy regarding credit risk.

3. Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amount of taxes receivable presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position includes penalties levied or outstanding.

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2021 are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

General fund - Taxes receivable	\$	9,081
Water fund - Accounts receivable		1,339
Total	<u>\$</u>	10,420

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 161,650	\$ 14,791	\$	\$ 176,441
Construction in progress	253,617	128,837	382,454	
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated	415,267	143,628	382,454	176,441
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and systems	2,705,202			2,705,202
Other improvements	168,205			168,205
Equipment and furniture	236,597	15,743		252,340
Vehicles and equipment	1,784,379	103,804	85,274	1,802,909
Infrastructure	1,586,499	382,454	-	1,968,953
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	6,480,882	\$ 502,001	<u>\$ 85,274</u>	6,897,609
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and systems	510,203	62,922		573,125
Other improvements	97,709	4,975		102,684
Equipment and furniture	215,127	9,831		224,958
Vehicles and equipment	979,387	199,532	53,385	1,125,534
Infrastructure	985,556	66,054	-	1,051,610
Total accumulated				
depreciation	2,787,982	<u>\$ 343,314</u>	\$ 53,385	3,077,911
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	3,692,900			3,819,698
Governmental activity capital				
assets, net	<u>\$ 4,108,167</u>			\$ 3,996,139

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$	71,083
Public safety		128,561
Transportation		69,074
Physical development		74,596
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$</u>	343,314

Note 3 - Detail Notes on All Funds (continued)

		Beginning Balances		Increases	Decreases		Ending Balances
Business-type activities:							
Capital assets being depreciated:	_		_		_	_	
Buildings and systems	\$	4,791,369	\$		\$	\$	4,791,369
Vehicles and equipment		87,207					87,207
Total capital assets							
being depreciated		4,878,576	\$		\$	_	4,878,576
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Water system		2,545,693		166,630			2,712,323
Vehicles and equipment		84,521		339			84,860
Total accumulated							
depreciation	_	2,630,214	\$	166,969	\$		2,797,183
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net		2,248,362				_	2,081,393
Water fund capital assets, net	\$	2,248,362				\$	2,081,393

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members - nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's ACFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined at 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters or rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Town of Biltmore Forest employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town of Biltmore Forest's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 10.90% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 10.15% for general employees, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$164,530 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Refunds of Contributions. Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a liability of \$720,045 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020 utilizing updated procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020 (measurement date), the Town's proportion was 0.02015%, which was an increase of 0.0042% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$253,700. At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		D	eferred
	O	utflows	Iı	nflows
	of F	Resources	of R	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	90,929	\$	
Changes of assumptions		53,585		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		101,327		
Changes in proportion and differences between Town				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		23,018		14,470
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		164,530		
Total	\$	433,389	\$	14,470

\$164,530 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2021	\$ 73,87
2022	94,89
2023	55,63
2024	29,98
2025	
Thereafter	

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

The Plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100.0%	

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2019 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1	% Increase
		(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)
Town's proportionate share of the net						
pension liability (asset)	\$	1,460,894	\$	720,045	\$	104,348

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ACFR for the State of North Carolina.

b. <u>Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance</u>

(1) Plan Description

The Town administers a public employee retirement system (the *Separation Allowance*), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed 5 or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full time Town law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2019, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Inactive members currently receiving benefits	2
Active plan members	12
Total	14

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

(3) Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age normal actuarial funding method was used in the December 31, 2019 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases 3.25 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Discount rate 1.93 percent

The discount rate is based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2019.

Mortality rates use the Pub-2010 amount-weighted tables and are projected from 2010 using generational improvement with Scale MP-2019.

(4) Contributions

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The Town paid \$30,617 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$684,752. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020 based on a December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$105,489.

	Deferred			eferred
	C	Outflows	I	nflows
	of]	Resources	of F	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	110,659	\$	43,351
Changes of assumptions		158,152		10,513
Town benefit payments and plan administrative				
expense made subsequent to the measurement date		15,309		
Total	\$	284,120	\$	53,864

\$15,309 paid as benefits came due subsequent to the measurement date have been reported as deferred outflows of resources. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2022	\$ 70,532
2023	69,382
2024	49,266
2025	23,642
2026	2,125
Thereafter	

Sensitivity of the Town's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 1.93 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (0.93 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (2.93 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	1% Decrease		count Rate	19	% Increase
		(0.93%)	(1.93%)		(2.93%)
Total pension liability	\$	734,866	\$	684.752	\$	638,113

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

		2021
Beginning balance	\$	560,077
Service Cost		17,198
Interest on the total pension liability		17,759
Difference between expected and actual experience		(53,950)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		174,285
Benefit payments		(30,617)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	<u>\$</u>	684,752

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

	<u>LGERS</u>	LEOSSA	Total
Pension Expense	\$ 253,700	\$ 105,489	\$ 359,189
Pension Liability	720,045	684,752	1,404,797
Proportionate share of net pension liability	0.02015%	n/a	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Contributions to pension plan in current			
fiscal year	164,530		164,530
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	90,929	110,659	201,588
Changes of assumptions	53,585	158,152	211,737
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on plan investments	101,327		101,327
Changes in proportion and differences			
between contributions and proportionate			
share of contributions	23,018		23,018
Benefit payments and administrative costs			
paid subsequent to the measurement date		15,309	15,309

	LGERS	LGERS LEOSSA		Total	
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> :					
Differences between expected and actual					
experience	\$	\$	43,351	\$	43,351
Changes in proportion and differences					
between contributions and proportionate					
share of contributions	14,470)			14,470
Changes of assumptions			10,513		10,513

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. The law enforcement officers may also make voluntary contributions to the plan. The Town made contributions of \$39,659 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

The Town has elected to contribute to the Plan for the general employees as well as for law enforcement officers. Participation begins at the date of employment. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Each month the Town contributes an amount equal to five percent of each employee's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. The general employees may also make voluntary contributions to the plan. The Town made contributions of \$39,101 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

d. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. The Retiree Health Benefit Fund (RHBF) has been established as a fund to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. RHBF is established by General Statute 135, Article 1. It is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit healthcare plan, exclusively for the benefit of former employees of the State, the University of North Carolina System, and community colleges. In addition, LEA's, charter schools, and some select local governments also participate.

Management of the plan is vested in the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members - eight appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer, the State Superintendent, and the Director of the Office of State Human Resources who serve as ex-officio members. RHBF is supported by a percent of payroll contribution from participating employing units. Each year the percentage is set in legislation, as are the maximum per retiree contributions from RHBF to the State Health Plan. The State Treasurer, with the approval of the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, then sets the employer contributions (subject to the legislative cap) and the premiums to be paid by retirees, as well as the health benefits to be provided through the State Health Plan.

The financial statements and other required disclosures for the plan are presented in the State of North Carolina's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which can be found at https://www.osc.nc.gov/public-information/reports.

Benefits provided. Plan benefits received by retired employees and disabled employees from RHBF are OPEB. The healthcare benefits for retired and disabled employees who are not eligible for Medicare are the same as for active employees. The plan options change when former employees become eligible for Medicare. Medicare retirees have the option of selecting one of two-fully insured Medicare Advantage/Prescription Drug Plan (MA-PDP) options of the self-funded Traditional 70/30 preferred Provider Organization plan option that is also offered to non-Medicare members. If the Traditional 70/30 Plan is selected by a Medicare retiree, the self-funded State Health Plan is secondary to Medicare.

Those former employees who are eligible to receive medical benefits from RHBF are long-term disability beneficiaries of the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC) and retirees of the TSERS, the Consolidated Judicial Retirement System (CJRS), the Legislative Retirement System (LRS), the University Employees' Optional Retirement Program (ORP), and a small number of local governments, with five or more years of contributory membership service in their retirement system prior to disability or retirement, with the following exceptions: for employees first hired on or after October 1, 2006, and members of the General Assembly first taking office on or after February 1, 2007, future coverage as retired employees and retired members of the General Assembly is subject to the requirement that the future retiree have 20 or more years of retirement service credit in order to receive coverage on a noncontributory basis. Employees first hired on or after October 1, 2006 and members of the General Assembly first taking office on or after February 1, 2007 with 10 but less than 20 years of retirement service credit are eligible for coverage on a partially contributory basis. For such future retirees, the State will pay 50% of the State Health Plan's noncontributory premium.

Section 35.21 (c) and (d) of Session Law 2017-57 repeals retiree medical benefits for employees first hired January 1, 2021. The new legislation amends Article 3B of Chapter 135 of the General Statutes to require that retirees must earn contributory retirement service in TSERS (or in an allowed local system unit), CJRS, or LRS prior to January 1, 2021, and not withdraw that service, in order to be eligible for retiree medical benefits under the amended law. Consequently, members first hired on and after January 1, 2021 will not be eligible to receive retiree medical benefits.

RHBF's benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 1 and Chapter 135, Article 3B of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. RHBF does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases.

Contributions. By General Statute, accumulated contributions from employers to RHBF and any earnings on those contributions shall be used to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. By statute, contributions to RHBF are irrevocable. Also by law, fund assets are dedicated to providing benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries and are not subject to the claims of creditors of the employers making contributions to RHBF. However, RHBF assets may be used for reasonable expenses to administer the RHBF, including costs to conduct required actuarial valuations of state-supported retired employees' health benefits. Contribution rates to RHBF, which are intended to finance benefits and administrative expenses on a pay-as-you-go basis are determined by the General Assembly in the Appropriations Bill. For the current fiscal year, the Town contributed 6.68% of covered payroll which amounted to \$104,729.

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a liability of \$1,987,151 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. The total OPEB liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020 utilizing updated procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the Town's present value of future salary, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020 and June 2019 the Town's proportion was 0.00716% and 0.00772%, respectively.

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	D	eferred]	Deferred
	Outflows			Inflows
	of F	Resources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,800	\$	77,740
Changes of assumptions		87,148		806,417
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
OPEB plan investments		4,186		
Changes in proportion and differences between Town				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		210,782		337,504
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		104,729		
Total	\$	408,645	\$	1,221,661

\$104,729 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Y	ear	ended	June	30:

Teal chaca June 30.	
2022	\$ 262,236
2023	262,018
2024	204,589
2025	88,494
2026	100,398
Thereafter	

Actuarial assumptions. Common actuarial assumptions for the OPEB plan follow individual note disclosures for the OPEB plan.

Inflation	3.00%

Salary increases 3.50% to 8.10%, including inflation and productivity

factors

Investment rate of return 7.00%

Healthcare cost trend rates:

Medical 6.50% grading down to 5.00% by 2024 for non-MA and

MA coverage

Prescription drug 9.50% grading down to 5.00% by 2028

Administrative costs 3.00%

Post-Retirement Mortality Rates RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and

females, adjusted for Collar for some Participants, further adjusted with scaling factors varying before and after age 78, and projected for mortality improvement using Scale

MP-2015

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for the RHBF was 2.21% at June 30, 2020 compared to 3.50% at June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flow used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers would be made at the current statutorily determined contribution rate. Based on the above assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members. As a result, a municipal bond rate of 2.21% was used as the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability and is based on the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Index as of June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.21 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (3.21 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1%	1% Decrease		1% Decrease Discount Rate		1% Increase
		(1.21%)		(2.21%)	 (3.21%)	
Net OPEB liability	\$	2,356,635	\$	1,987,151	\$ 1,689,470	

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare trend rates. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current trend rates:

	Pharm Medi	ecrease (Medical - 4.00-5.50%, acy - 4.00-8.50%, care Advantage - 4.00-5.50%, histrative - 2.00%)	(Medi Pharm Medi	Healthcare Trend Rates (Medical - 5.00-6.50%, Pharmacy - 5.00-9.50%, Medicare Advantage - 5.00-6.50%, Administrative - 3.00%)		ncrease (Medical - 6.00-7.50%, nacy - 6.00-10.5%, care Advantage - 6.00-7.50%, nistrative - 4.00%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,602,003	\$	1,987,151	\$	2,501,953

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ACFR for the State of North Carolina.

2. Other Employment Benefits

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the postemployment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

3. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources reported on the Statement of Net Position is comprised of the following:

	Amount
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year	\$ 164,530
Benefit payments and administrative expenses for	
LEOSSA made subsequent to the measurement date	15,309
Benefit payments and administrative expenses for	
OPEB made subsequent to the measurement date	104,729
Differences between expected and actual experience	203,388
Changes of assumptions	298,885
Net difference between projected and actual	105,513
Changes in proportion and differences between employer	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	 233,800
Total	\$ 1,126,154

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

	State	ement of	Gen	eneral Fund		
	Net	Position	Bala	nce Sheet		
Prepaid taxes (General Fund)	\$	6,596	\$	6,596		
Taxes receivable (General Fund)				19,449		
Differences between expected and actual experience		121,091				
Changes in assumptions		816,930				
Changes in proportion and differences between employer						
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		351,974				
Total	\$	1,296,591	\$	26,045		

4. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insured values of the property policy, and workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits. The liability and property exposures are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees each year. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance, excess and stop loss policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the Town upon request.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town has a Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance and has a small area that has been identified and mapped by the Flood Insurance Rate Map. There is no historical evidence of flood damage in the areas identified and Floodplain Insurance does not appear to be necessary at this time.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Town Manager and tax collector are each individually bonded for \$50,000 each. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$10,000.

5. Claims, Judgments, and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2021, the Town was not a defendant to any lawsuits.

6. Long-Term Obligations

a. Installment Purchases

Serviced by the General Fund:

Note payable, bearing interest at 3.36% per annum, due in 19 semi-annual of \$42,105 beginning October 2019 and ending October 2028, collateralized by a deed of trust.	\$ 631,578
Note payable, bearing interest at 3.81% per annum, due in 60 quarterly payments of \$1,667 plus accrued interest, beginning August 2009 and ending May 2024, collateralized by a deed of trust.	19,999
Note payable, bearing interest at 3.81% per annum, due in 60 quarterly payments of \$5,833 plus accrued interest, beginning August 2009 and ending May 2024, collateralized by a deed of trust.	70,001
Note payable, bearing interest at 2.75% per annum, due in 3 annual payments of \$29,906 beginning September 2020 and ending September 2022, collateralized by police vehicles.	57,437
Total installment purchases	779,015
Less, current portion	 142,536
Noncurrent portion of installment purchases	\$ 636,479

Annual debt service payments for installment purchases as of June 30, 2021, including \$92,129 of interest, are as follows:

	Gover	nmental A	ntal Activities				
Years Ending June 30	Princip	oal	Interest				
2022	\$ 142	,536 \$	25,094				
2023	143	,321	20,342				
2024	114	,210	15,569				
2025	84	,210	12,025				
2026	84	,210	9,196				
2027-2031	210	<u>,528</u>	9,903				
	\$ 779	,015 \$	92,129				

b. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Compensated absences for governmental activities have typically been liquidated in the General Fund.

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balance		<u>In</u>	Increases Decreases				Ending Balance	Current Portion of Balance		
0 0 / 0	\$ 95	5,925	Ф		\$	176,910	\$	779,015	Ф	142 526	
Installment purchases		_	Ф	52 071	Ф	,	Ф		Ф	142,536	
Compensated absences		3,041		53,871		64,748		62,164			
Total OPEB liability	2,40	5,013				500,116]	1,904,897			
Net pension liability (LGERS)	53	0,783		159,457				690,240			
Total pension liability (LEO)	56	0,077		124,675				684,752			
Governmental activities				•							
long-term liabilities	\$ 4,52	4,839	\$	338,003	\$	741,774	\$ 4	<u>1,121,068</u>	\$	142,536	
Business-type activities:											
Compensated absences	\$	1,059	\$	2,156	\$	1,647	\$	1,568	\$		
Total OPEB liability	3	6,378		45,876				82,254			
Net pension liability (LGERS)		8,028		21,777				29,805			
Business-type activities											
long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 4</u>	<u>5,465</u>	\$	69,809	\$	1,647	\$	113,627	\$		

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

There are no balances due to/from other funds at June 30, 2021.

Transfers to/from other funds for the year ended June 30, 2021, consist of the following:

From the Capital Project Fund to the General Fund to close out the capital project fund upon completion of the public works building

\$ 103,326

D. Net Investment in Capital Assets

The Town's net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2021 is calculated as follows:

	Go	Business-type			
Capital assets	\$	3,996,139	\$	2,081,393	
Less: long-term debt		779,015			
Net investment in capital assets	\$	3,217,124	\$	2,081,393	

E. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 3,872,002
Less:	
Inventories	2,229
Stabilization by State Statute	468,834
Working capital / fund balance policy	1,092,702
Remaining fund balance	<u>\$ 2,308,237</u>

The Town has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the Town in such a manner that available fund balance is in the range of 25-35% of budgeted expenditures.

The outstanding encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at year-end.

Encumbrances	General Fund	Capital Project Fund
	\$50,647	\$0

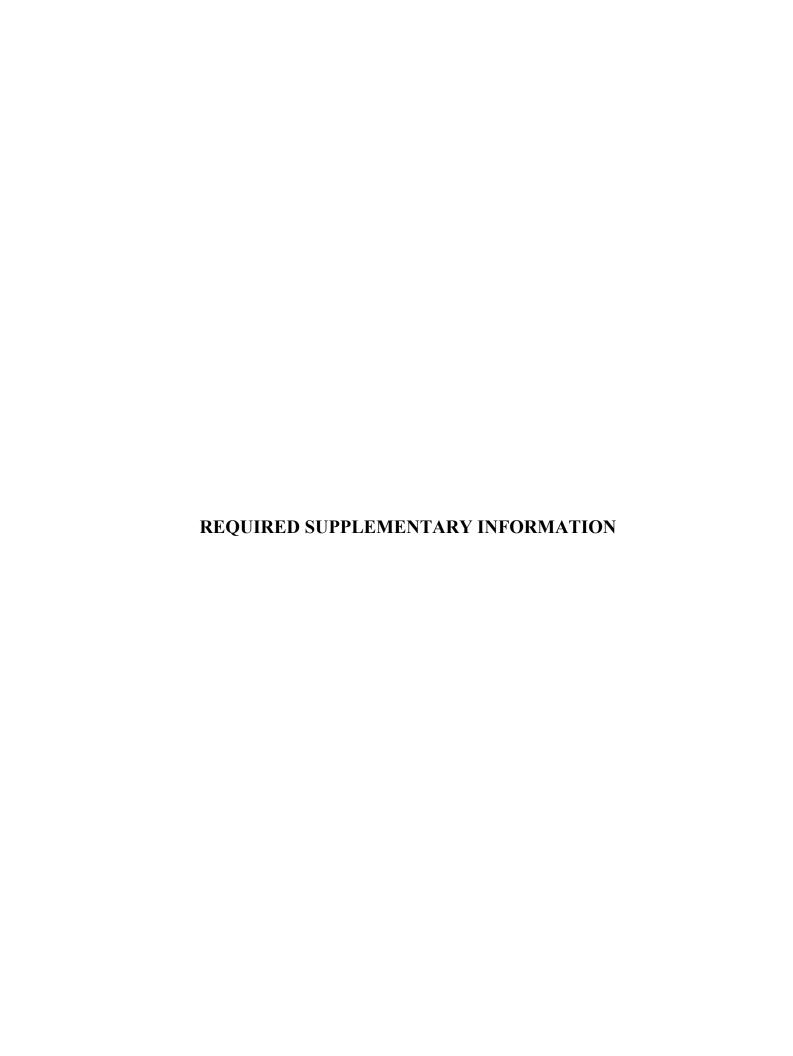
Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

Note 5 - Significant Effects of Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 22, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



Schedule of the Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Local Government Employees' Retirement System Last Eight Fiscal Years*

	_	2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	_	2016	 2015	 2014
Town's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)		0.02015%	0.01973%	0.02350%	0.02272%	0.02236%		0.02205%	0.01902%	0.02010%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$	720,045	\$ 538,811	\$ 557,500	\$ 347,099	\$ 474,554	\$	98,960	\$ (112,170) \$	\$ 242,282
Town's covered payroll	\$	1,544,077	\$ 1,486,508	\$ 1,453,664	\$ 1,462,980	\$ 1,397,262	\$	1,321,703	\$ 1,222,192	\$ 1,212,016
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		46.63%	36.25%	38.35%	23.73%	33.96%		7.49%	(9.18%)	19.99%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**		88.61%	90.86%	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%		98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

Schedule of Contributions Local Government Employees' Retirement System Last Eight Fiscal Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 164,530	\$ 144,204	\$ 121,448	\$ 114,994	\$ 112,193	\$ 96,833	\$ 95,936	\$ 89,522
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	164,530	144,204	121,448	114,994	112,193	96,833	95,936	89,522
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$	\$	\$
Town's covered payroll	<u>\$ 1,567,805</u>	<u>\$ 1,544,077</u>	<u>\$ 1,486,508</u>	<u>\$ 1,453,664</u>	<u>\$ 1,462,980</u>	<u>\$ 1,397,262</u>	<u>\$ 1,321,703</u>	<u>\$ 1,222,192</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.49%	9.34%	8.17%	7.91%	7.67%	6.93%	7.26%	7.32%

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability
Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance
Last Five Fiscal Years *

	 2021	 2020	2019	 2018	2017
Beginning balance	\$ 560,077	\$ 489,859	\$ 397,011	\$ /	\$ 302,518
Service cost	17,198	19,649	22,786	18,555	17,337
Interest on the total pension liability	17,759	16,819	12,062	11,490	10,547
Differences between expected and actual experience					
in the measurement of the total pension liability	(53,950)	73,982	107,940	52,926	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	174,285	15,385	(19,323)	28,191	(6,721)
Benefit payments	 (30,617)	 (55,617)	(30,617)	 (23,660)	 (14,172)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 684,752	\$ 560,077	\$ 489,859	\$ 397,011	\$ 309,509

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior year ending December 31.

Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Last Five Fiscal Years

	 2021	_	2020	_	2019	 2018	2017
Total pension liability	\$ 684,752	\$	560,077	\$	489,859	\$ 397,011	\$ 309,509
Town's covered payroll	\$ 803,531	\$	832,387	\$	835,067	\$ 853,284	\$ 791,135
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	85.22%		67.29%		58.66%	46.53%	39.12%

Notes to the schedule

The Town of Biltmore Forest has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

The pension schedules are intended to show information for ten years; additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability Retiree Health Benefit Fund Last Four Fiscal Years *

	_	2021	 2020	_	2019	_	2018
Town's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.00716%	0.00772%		0.00786%		0.00845%
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,987,151	\$ 2,441,391	\$	2,238,634	\$	2,769,848
Town's covered payroll	\$	1,544,077	\$ 1,486,508	\$	1,453,664	\$	1,462,980
Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		128.70%	164.24%		154.00%		189.33%
Plan Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability**		6.92%	4.40%		4.40%		3.52%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the RHBF plan.

Schedule of Contributions Retiree Health Benefit Fund Last Four Fiscal Years

	2	2021		2020	 2019	_	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$	104,729	\$	99,902	\$ 93,204	\$	87,947
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		104,729		99,902	 93,204	_	87,947
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	<u>\$</u>	
Town's covered payroll	<u>\$ 1,</u>	,567,805	<u>\$</u>	1,544,077	\$ 1,486,508	<u>\$</u>	1,453,664
Contributions as a percentage of the covered payroll		6.68%		6.47%	6.27%		6.05%

INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Davanuas	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues Ad valorem taxes:			
	\$ 2,772,099	\$ 2.757.060	¢ (14.120)
Taxes	. , ,	\$ 2,757,969	\$ (14,130)
Interest Total	<u>14,300</u> <u>2,786,399</u>	<u>12,955</u> 2,770,924	(1,345)
Total	2,780,399	2,770,924	(15,475)
Unrestricted intergovernmental:			
Local option sales taxes	1,093,957	1,228,101	134,144
Franchise tax	177,778	213,010	35,232
Beer and wine tax	6,000	5,655	(345)
Total	1,277,735	1,446,766	169,031
Restricted intergovernmental: Solid waste disposal tax	950	1,012	62
Illicit substance tax		285	285
COVID reimbursements	52,717	52,717	
Powell Bill allocation	56,404	56,403	(1)
Total	110,071	110,417	346
Permits and fees:			
Dog license fee	1,400	1,350	(50)
Building permits	35,000	31,674	(3,326)
Total	36,400	33,024	(3,376)
Investment earnings	1,000	936	(64)
Miscellaneous:			
American Tower	37,645	29,620	(8,025)
Other	21,500	22,830	1,330
Total	59,145	52,450	(6,695)
Total revenues	4,270,750	4,414,517	143,767
Expenditures			
General government:			
Administration:			
Salaries and benefits	317,801	329,220	(11,419)
Professional services	50,000	44,982	5,018
Other operating expenditures	29,250	26,986	2,264
Board salary	22,000	21,600	400
Total	\$ 419,051	\$ 422,788	\$ (3,737)

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Variance
	Dudget	A atual	Positive (Negative)
Other:	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Outside professional services	\$ 35,000	\$ 28,896	\$ 6,104
Electricity and utilities	108,569	93,317	15,252
General repairs	25,000	30,120	(5,120)
Insurance	90,000	78,179	11,821
Other operating expenditures	153,021	100,943	52,078
Total	411,590	331,455	80,135
Total general government	830,641	754,243	76,398
Public safety:			
Police:			
Salaries and benefits	1,397,830	1,420,228	(22,398)
Vehicle maintenance	45,162	39,611	5,551
Other operating expenditures	135,825	118,469	17,356
Capital outlay	98,200	96,422	1,778
Total	1,677,017	1,674,730	2,287
Contracted fire services	425,000	425,000	
Total public safety	2,102,017	2,099,730	2,287
Transportation:			
Salaries and benefits	79,946	47,511	32,435
Vehicle maintenance	6,750	3,353	3,397
Resurfacing contracts	100,000	91,086	8,914
Storm water drainage	160,000	147,920	12,080
Other operating expenditures	18,250	12,498	5,752
Capital outlay	2,000	1,460	540
Total transportation	366,946	303,828	63,118
Physical development:			
Public works:			
Salaries and benefits	395,513	354,944	40,569
Vehicle maintenance	10,000	6,874	3,126
Other operating expenditures	81,500	61,780	19,720
Street lighting	10,000	6,975	3,025
Capital outlay	53,250	39,485	13,765
Total	\$ 550,263	\$ 470,058	<u>\$ 80,205</u>

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

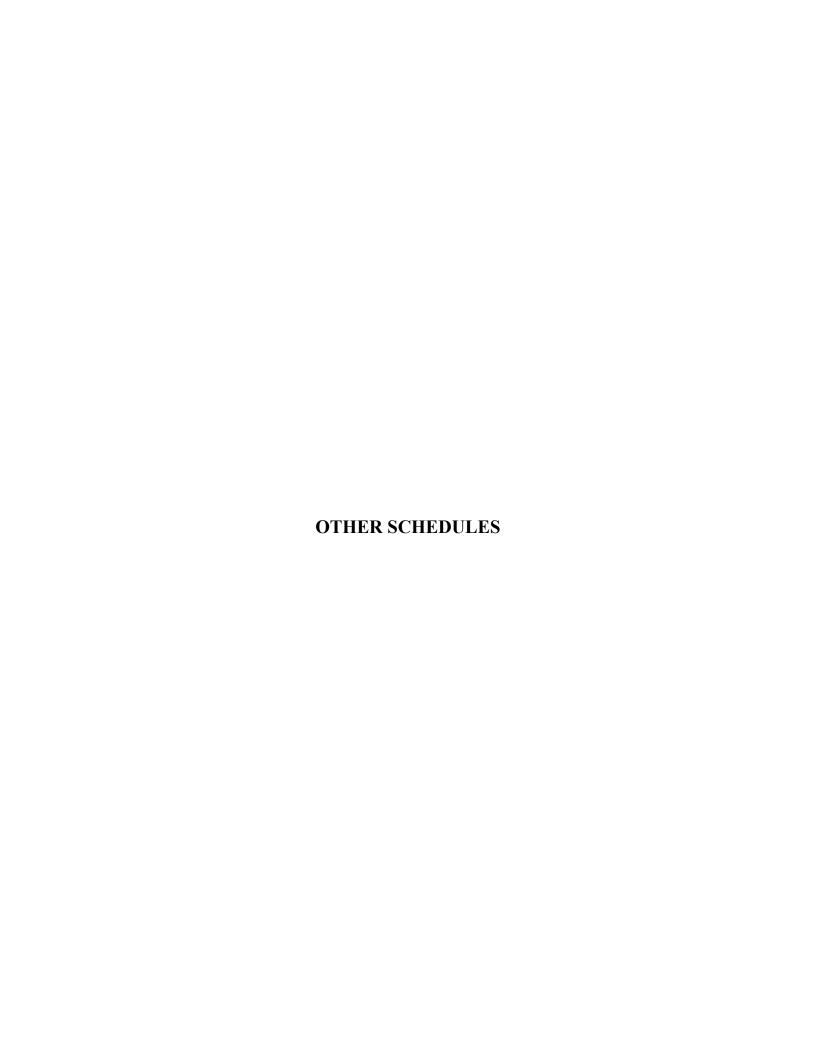
		Budget		Actual	P	ariance ositive egative)
Sanitation and recycling:		<u>Buuget</u>		Actual	(11	eganvej
Salaries and benefits	\$	207,307	\$	173,239	\$	34,068
Tipping fees	*	77,500	*	68,674	4	8,826
Recycling		11,250		8,269		2,981
Other operating expenditures		16,125		15,629		496
Total		312,182		265,811		46,371
Total physical development		862,445		735,869		126,576
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		178,045		176,910		1,135
Interest		30,713		30,645		68
Total debt service		208,758		207,555		1,203
Total expenditures		4,370,807		4,101,225		269,582
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(100,057)		313,292		413,349
Other financing sources (uses):						
Sale of capital assets		21,000		22,838		1,838
Transfer from Capital Project Fund				103,326		103,326
Total		21,000		126,164		105,164
Fund balance appropriated		88,429				(88,429)
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	9,372		439,456	\$	430,084
Fund balances, beginning			_	3,432,546		
Fund balances, ending			\$	3,872,002		

Capital Project Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Variance		
	Project	Prior	Current		Total to	Positive
	Authorization	 Years	 Year		Date	(Negative)
Revenues						
Investment earnings	\$	\$ 35	\$ 	\$	35	\$ 35
Expenditures						
Design and architectural services	22,000	19,800			19,800	2,200
Construction	1,497,250	1,410,928			1,410,928	86,322
Equipment	,	65,231			65,231	(65,231)
Total expenditures	1,519,250	 1,495,959	 		1,495,959	23,291
Other financing sources						
Transfers from other funds:						
From General Fund	719,250	799,250			799,250	80,000
Transfers to other funds						
To General Fund			(103,326)		(103,326)	(103,326)
Proceeds from long-term debt	800,000	800,000	, , ,		800,000	, , ,
Total other financing sources	1,519,250	 1,599,250	(103,326)		1,495,924	(23,326)
Other financing sources over						
(under) expenditures	<u>\$</u>	\$ 103,326	\$ (103,326)	\$		\$

Water Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

						Variance Positive
		Budget	_	Actual	_(1	Negative)
Revenues						
Operating revenues:	Φ.		Φ.	525 0 5 0	Φ.	(40.650)
Water sales	\$	777,717	\$	737,059	\$	(40,658)
Water tap and connection fees		9,000		9,290		290
AMI transmitter charges		7,700		8,309		609
Commissions, sewer charge collections		8,000		8,135		135
Total operating revenues		802,417		762,793		(39,624)
Non-operating revenues:						
Investment earnings		20		15		<u>(5)</u>
Total revenues		802,437		762,808		(39,629)
Expenditures						
Operating expenditures:						
Salaries and benefits		110,414		87,087		23,327
Professional services		10,000		5,653		4,347
Repairs and maintenance		8,687		3,817		4,870
Other operating expenditures		43,200		25,395		17,805
Water purchases		237,275		159,450		77,825
Sewer purchases		344,823		333,747		11,076
Capital outlay		50,000				50,000
Total expenditures		804,399		615,149	-	189,250
Revenues over expenditures	\$	(1,962)		147,659	\$	149,621
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:						
Reconciling items:						
Depreciation				(166,969)		
Increase in accrued vacation pay				(509)		
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pension	S			12,779		
Increase in net pension liability				(21,777)		
Increase in deferred inflow of resources - pensions				(312)		
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB				8,943		
Increase in net OPEB liability				(45,876)		
Increase in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB				(34,634)		
Total reconciling items				(248,355)		
Change in net position			\$	(100,696)		



Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2021

Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2020		Additions		ollections d Credits	I	Balance e 30, 2021
2020-2021 2019-2020	\$ 9,359	\$	2,777,170	\$	2,750,365 8,139	\$	26,805 1,220
2019-2020 2018-2019 2017-2018	9,339				0,139		1,220
2016-2017	1						1
2015-2016	259						259
2014-2015 2013-2014	19						19
2012-2013	173						173
2011-2012	53						53
	\$ 9,864	<u>\$</u>	2,777,170	\$	2,758,504		28,530
	Less: allowance General Fund	for ui	ncollectible ac	count	s:		9,081
	Ad valorem taxe	s rece	eivable - net			\$	19,449
	Reconciliation to	reve	nues:				
	Ad valorem taxe Reconciling item		eneral Fund			\$	2,770,924
	Interest collect						(12,955)
	Taxes written						535
	Total collections	and	eredits			\$	2,758,504

Analysis of Current Tax Levy Town-Wide Levy June 30, 2021

	T	Town-Wide				Total Levy					
	Property Valuation	Rate		Total Levy		Property Excluding Registered Motor Vehicles	I	Registered Motor Vehicles			
Original levy:					_						
Property taxed at current year rate	\$ 805,470,869	0.345	\$	2,778,874	\$	2,672,095	\$	106,779			
Exemptions and releases	(494,050)			(1,704)		(1,704)	-				
Total property valuation	\$804,976,819										
Net levy				2,777,170		2,670,391		106,779			
Uncollected taxes at June 30,	2021			(26,805)		(26,805)					
Current year's taxes collected	1		\$	2,750,365	\$	2,643,586	\$	106,779			
Current levy collection percent	ntage			99.03%		99.00%	_	100.00%			

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS MEETING STAFF MEMORANDUM

January 11, 2022



Agenda Item D-2

Consideration of Ordinance 2022-01 An Ordinance to Amend the Town Code regarding Loitering and Temporary Structures

Background

Last month, the Board of Commissioners received a potential ordinance to the Town Code of Ordinances. This proposed ordinance would amend the Town Code's chapter on General Offenses, and include specific regulations regarding loitering and temporary structures.

Ordinance Information and Compliance with NCGS 160A-175

This ordinance specifies that people may not congregate in a manner to block traffic (vehicular or pedestrian), obstruct the entrances to buildings, or establish a temporary tent or other structure for illegally camping on public or private property without prior approval. The structure of the ordinance provides for the manner in which the Police Department may ask the individual to stop performing this action and then take further action if necessary.

Recent changes to North Carolina state law require the Board of Commissioners to consider an ordinance related to public safety only after the ordinance was introduced at a previous meeting. In this case, the proposed ordinance was introduced to the Board during the December 14, 2021 meeting. The ordinance draft contains specific language noting this compliance and provides a record of the motion, second, and vote tally if the ordinance is adopted.

If adopted, this ordinance is effective immediately.

Penalty Provisions

In accordance with N.C.G.S. 14-4, this ordinance states the maximum fine may exceed \$50.00 but may not exceed \$500.00. N.C.G.S. 14-4 was revised as part of SB 300 to specifically require criminal penalties be affirmatively stated within the ordinance to be applicable.

ORDINANCE 2022-01 AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND CHAPTER 130 OF THE TOWN CODE OF THE TOWN OF BILTMORE FOREST

§130.08. ORDINANCE REGULATING LOITERING AND TEMPORARY STRUCTURES.

(A) DEFINITION. For the purpose of this chapter, the following definition shall apply unless the context clearly indicates or requires a different meaning.

PUBLIC PLACE. Any place to which the general public has access and a right of resort for business, entertainment, or other lawful purpose, but does not necessarily mean a place devoted solely to the uses of the public. It shall also include the front or immediate area of any store, shop, restaurant, or other place of business and also public grounds, areas or parks.

(B) GENERAL PROVISIONS.

- (1) It shall be unlawful for any person to stand alone or congregate with other persons on any street or sidewalk or public place within the town limits with the intent to, or who shall in fact:
- (a) Obstruct any public street, public highway, public sidewalk or any other public place or building by hindering or impeding or tending to hinder or impede the free and uninterrupted passage of vehicles, traffic, or pedestrians; or
- (b) Obstruct the entrance to any business establishment without so doing for some lawful purpose, if contrary to the expressed wish of the owner, lessee, managing agent or person in control or charge of the building or premises.
- (2) It shall be unlawful for any person, singly or in groups, to erect on any property, public or private, any temporary shack, shanty, tent or structure for place of temporary habitation or abode, for the purpose of living thereon and in such a manner as to create a place of camping, or temporary abode; provided, however, that this section shall have no application to any individuals or group of individual who are living in temporary quarters on the premises of another with that land owner's permission or consent, or who is engaged in the lawful and proper activities of any boy scout or girl scout organization, or auxiliary, or any other civic enterprise or project.
- (3) When any person causes or commits any of the conditions in this section, a police officer or any law enforcement officer shall order that person to stop causing or committing such conditions and to move on or disperse. Any person who fails or refuses to obey such orders shall be guilty of a violation of this section.
- (C) PENALTY. In accordance with N.C.G.S. 14-4, any person who violates this section shall be guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor and shall be fined more than \$50.00 but not more than \$500.

	and seconded by The vote on the motion was
Adopted this the 11 th day of January 2022, in	Biltmore Forest, North Carolina.
	George F. Goosmann, III Mayor Town of Biltmore Forest
Laura M. Jacobs Γown Clerk	

Pursuant to N.C.G.S. 160A-175, this Ordinance was first introduced at the December 14,

2021 Board of Commissioners meeting. The ordinance was presented for consideration at the

January 11, 2022 Board of Commissioners meeting.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS MEETING STAFF MEMORANDUM

January 11, 2022



Agenda Item D-3

Consideration of Ordinance 2022-02 An Ordinance to Amend the Town Code prohibiting Public Urination and Defecation

Background

Last month, the Board of Commissioners received a potential ordinance to the Town Code of Ordinances. This proposed ordinance would amend the Town Code's chapter on General Offenses, and include specific regulations prohibiting public urination and defecation.

Ordinance Information and Compliance with NCGS 160A-175

This ordinance specifies that urination or defecation occurring in the manner described in the ordinance is a misdemeanor violation. Previously, the Police Department has relied upon trespass or littering portions of the General Statutes in order to prohibit or respond to similar actions.

Recent changes to North Carolina state law require the Board of Commissioners to consider an ordinance related to public safety only after the ordinance was introduced at a previous meeting. In this case, the proposed ordinance was introduced to the Board during the December 14, 2021 meeting. The ordinance draft contains specific language noting this compliance and provides a record of the motion, second, and vote tally if the ordinance is adopted.

If adopted, this ordinance is effective immediately.

Penalty Provisions

In accordance with N.C.G.S. 14-4, this ordinance states the maximum fine may exceed \$50.00 but may not exceed \$500.00. N.C.G.S. 14-4 was revised as part of SB 300 to specifically require criminal penalties be affirmatively stated within the ordinance to be applicable.

ORDINANCE 2022-02 AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND CHAPTER 130 OF THE TOWN CODE OF THE TOWN OF BILTMORE FOREST

§130.09. ORDINANCE PROHIBTING PUBLIC URINATION AND DEFECATION.

- (A) GENERAL PROVISIONS. Except in designated water closets or toilet facilities, it shall be unlawful for any person to urinate or defecate on any public place, sidewalk, street, alleyway or right-of-way, or in any public building, or on private property. Having the permission of the owner or person in lawful possession of the real property shall constitute an affirmative defense to the charge of urinating or defecating on private property.
- (B) PENALTY. In accordance with N.C.G.S. 14-4, any person who violates this section shall be guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor and shall be fined more than \$50.00 but not more than \$500.

Pursuant to N.C.G.S. 160A-175, this Ordinance was first introduced at the December 14, 2021 Board of Commissioners meeting. The ordinance was presented for consideration at the January 11, 2022 Board of Commissioners meeting.

Motion was made by Commissioner _	and seconded by
	The vote on the motion was
Adopted this the 11 th day of January 2022, in	Biltmore Forest, North Carolina.
	George F. Goosmann, III Mayor Town of Biltmore Forest
Laura M. Jacobs	

Town Clerk

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS MEETING STAFF MEMORANDUM

January 11, 2022

Agenda Item D-4

Discussion - Amendments to Existing Sign Ordinance



Background

Last month, the Town received a petition from Rich Wyde and Angela Branch regarding amending the Town's sign ordinance. This petition was specifically regarding "no trespassing" signs. The Board heard from both the petitioner and their neighbor, Mr. Perry Bartsch, regarding "no trespassing" signs during the meeting.

Current Ordinance

The existing sign ordinance is attached for the Board's review. The most recent amendments to this ordinance were adopted in February 2021 in an effort to ensure compliance with Supreme Court rulings regarding political and ideological signage.

Discussion and Amendments

The Town Attorney, Billy Clarke, will provide the Board legal perspective on the existing ordinance, and we will both be prepared to answer any questions the Board may have regarding "no trespassing" signs or the sign ordinance. The sign ordinance is a portion of the overall Town Code; as such there is no public hearing required before considering an amendment.

§ 93.02 POLICY REGARDING SIGNS.

This subchapter sets forth the Town of Biltmore Forest policies and regulations regarding the size, type and location of signs. The subchapter is intended to regulate size, type and location of signs to ensure that signs are not located in the public right of way, do not pose a threat to public safety, do not unreasonably interfere with aesthetic quality and are consistent with the nature of a primarily residential community. It is not the intent of this subchapter to regulate the content of signs or to limit the right of free speech.

(Ord. 2021-02, passed 2-9-2021)

§ 93.03 SIGNS AND POSTERS GENERALLY.

Except as set forth herein, no sign of any kind, including posters, advertisements, billboards, announcements and like, shall be erected by any person in any district zoned R-I, R-2, R-3, R-4 or R-5 unless the sign, type, size and intended location comply with this subchapter or unless prior approval of the sign type, size, and intended location are first obtained from the Town Manager or Board of Commissioners. Any sign erected in violation of this subchapter shall be promptly removed.

(2013 Code, § 15-2) (Ord. 2021-02, passed 2-9-2021)

§ 93.04 DEFINITIONS.

For the purpose of this subchapter, the following definitions shall apply unless the context clearly indicates or requires a different meaning.

CONSTRUCTION SIGNS. Signs identifying a company or individual constructing or renovating a house or building on property in the town.

IDEOLOGICAL SIGNS. Signs advocating support for a particular system of ideas and ideals which may form the basis of an economic or political theory and policy.

INVISIBLE FENCING SIGNS. Signs advertising the location of underground (invisible) fencing on a property or the location of installed underground utilities.

ON-PREMISES COMMERCIAL SIGNS. Signs located on or attached to buildings in the zoning districts in the town where commercial businesses are allowed.

POLITICAL SIGNS. Signs advocating support for a particular candidate for political office or political party.

REAL ESTATE SIGNS. Signs advertising the sale or lease of residential or commercial real property.

SECURITY COMPANY SIGNS. Signs indicating that a security system has been installed on a property.

(Ord. 2021-02, passed 2-9-2021)

§ 93.05 SIGNS AND POSTERS; REQUIREMENTS.

- (A) Real estate signs. No person, either as owner or real estate agent, shall post any sign except as follows:
- (1) One sign per lot, not to exceed six square feet in size, not to contain any electrical component and not to be lighted in any way;
- (2) If the sign is posted by a real estate agency, the wording shall be limited appropriately to indicate that the property is for sale or rent, the name and telephone number of the agency, the listing firm website, and the multiple listing service number, texting code, or individual website assigned to the home for sale;
- (3) If the sign is posted by an owner, the wording shall be limited to appropriately indicate that the property is for sale or rent, the name of seller, if so desired, a telephone number, and individual website assigned to the home for sale;
 - (4) Wording shall be the same on both sides of the sign if both sides are exposed to the roadway;
- (5) The sign shall be set back at least 20 feet from the nearest edge of the pavement of the public road on which the house fronts or faces and in no event shall the sign be located within any public road right-of-way;
 - (6) No portion of the sign shall extend more than four feet above the ground;
 - (7) The sign shall be removed no later than three days after the closing of the sale of the property;
- (8) If a sign is for commercial use in the R-4 or R-5 Residential Zoning District and does not comply with the limitations herein, application must be made to the Board of Commissioners for approval; and
- (9) The owner of a residential lot and the real estate agent placing a real estate sign on the residential lot shall each be responsible for any violation of this section.
- (B) Construction signs. Signs advertising the name of an individual or company constructing or renovating a house or other building on a property are allowed as follows:

- (1) On any residential lot on which construction or renovation has begun, neither the general contractor nor the owner of the residential lot shall post or permit to be posted more than one sign in addition to any sign required by law to be posted (e.g. building permits and the like);
- (2) The general contractor may place one sign on the residential lot on which construction or renovation has begun, which sign shall not exceed six square feet in size and shall be limited in wording to the street number or address of the property and the name, address, and telephone number of the general contractor. The general contractor's sign shall also be subject to divisions (A)(1), (A)(4), (A)(5), and (A)(6) above. The general contractor's sign shall be removed from the property not later than three days from the completion of construction by the general contractor or occupancy by the owner of the property being constructed, whichever comes first; and
- (3) The sign shall be set back at least 20 feet from the nearest edge of pavement of the public road on which the house fronts or faces. The sign shall not be posted in the public right-of-way.
 - (4) The owner of the residential lot and the general contractor shall be responsible for any violation of this section.
- (C) Political and ideological signs. Political and ideological signs are allowed on private property provided the signs are erected as follows:
 - (1) Each sign shall not exceed four square feet in size and not contain any electrical component or lighted in any way;
- (2) The sign shall not be located within the town owned public right-of-way or on town property and must be set back at least 20 feet from the nearest edge of the paved road on which the house fronts or faces and shall not encroach on the public right-of-way;
 - (3) No portion of the sign is to extend more than four feet above the ground;
 - (4) A sign located on private property requires the owner's approval;
- (5) Up to four political signs may be placed on private property beginning 30 days before the beginning of early voting for a primary or general election. Political signs should be removed within five days after the primary, general or special election; and
 - (6) Political and ideological signs are not allowed on town property.
 - (D) Security company signs. Security company signs are allowed on private property as follows:
- (1) On any residential or business property with a commercial security system, up to two signs bearing the name of the security company and appropriate contact information, may be posted;
 - (2) The signs shall not exceed one square foot in size, not contain electrical components and not be lighted in any way;
 - (3) The signs shall be set back at least ten feet from the nearest edge of the pavement on the public road or street.
 - (E) Invisible fencing signs. Signs indicating the presence and location of underground fencing are allowed as follows:
- (1) On any property with an underground "invisible fence," up to two signs noting the presence of the invisible fence and the name of the company providing the fence may be posted on the property;
 - (2) The signs shall not exceed one square foot in size, not contain electrical components and not be lighted in any way;
 - (3) The signs shall be set back at least ten feet from the nearest edge of the pavement on the public road or street.
- (4) For the purpose of this subchapter, temporary flags indicating the installation of underground (invisible) fencing shall be removed no later than 45 days after installation.
- (F) Flags for underground utilities. Flags for underground utilities are allowed on a temporary basis to indicate the presence and location of underground utilities.
 - (G) Signs located in the R-4 and R-5 Zoning Districts.
- (1) On any lot occupied by a business in the R-4 and R-5 Districts, on-premises signs are allowed provided the following definitions and permit requirements are met.
- (2) For the purpose of this division (G), the following definitions shall apply unless the context clearly indicates or requires a different meaning.

ATTACHED SIGN. Any sign attached to, applied on, or supported by the front wall or wall facing street of a building.

CLEARANCE. The vertical distance from the established finished grade to the lowest edge of the sign.

DEVELOPMENT IDENTIFICATION SIGN. A sign bearing only the name of the multiple tenant development.

ERECT. To construct, build, raise, assemble, install, place, replace, locate, affix, attach, display, alter, use, create, paint, draw, illuminate, or in any other way bring into being or establish.

FREESTANDING POLE SIGN. A sign which is permanently affixed to the ground by apole or other structure and which is not part of the building.

GRADE. The lowest point at which a sign is attached to the ground.

GROUND SIGN. A freestanding sign flush to the ground and not elevated upon poles orstanchions and not attached to the building.

HEIGHT. The vertical distance between the highest part of the sign or its supporting structure, whichever is highest, and the base of the sign at grade.

INTERNALLY ILLUMINATED. Any sign designed to provide artificial light either through exposed lighting on the sign face or through transparent or translucent material, from a light source within the sign.

LOT. A parcel of land occupied or capable of being occupied by a building or group of buildings devoted to a common use.

MULTIPLE TENANT DEVELOPMENT. A development in which there exists a number of individual or separate activities and in which there are appurtenant-shared facilities (such as parking areas).

NONCONFORMING SIGN. Any sign which was allowed when erected or displayed but which does not conform with the standards of this subchapter, and any sign which was not allowed but was nonetheless impermissibly created or displayed before the effective date of this subchapter and any amendments thereto.

ON-PREMISES SIGN. Any sign used for the purpose of displaying, advertising, identifying, or directing attention to a business, products, operations, or services sold or offered on the lots where the sign is located.

SETBACK. The horizontal distance between the leading face of the curb of a street and the closest point of a sign or sign structure on such lot. Where there is not a curb, the measurement shall be made from the edge of the pavement.

SIGN. Any words, lettering, numerals, parts of letters or numerals, figure, phrases, sentences, emblems, devices, designs, trade names, or trademarks by which anything is known, made of any material, except live vegetation, including any surface, fabric, or other material background structure designed to carry such devices, as are used to designate or attract attention.

SIGN STRUCTURE. Any structure which supports, has supported or is capable of supporting a sign.

SINGLE TENANT. A single business establishment, activity or use.

WALL SIGN. Any sign painted or attached flat against and parceled to the exterior wall or surface of a building or other structure and/or which projects from the wall or surface.

- (3) On-premises single-tenant signs.
 - (a) Allowed within the R-4 and R-5 Zoning District may be either:
 - Freestanding. Pole or ground; or
 - 2. Attached. Wall.
- (b) Two business identification signs are allowed per lot, only one of which shall be a freestanding or ground sign. For freestanding or attached signs, the total allowable area per face of selected sign(s) shall not exceed 40 square feet per face, with two faces per freestanding or ground sign allowed. In the event the freestanding sign is less than the 40 square feet per face allowed, the size of the attached sign erected may be increased by that difference. Signs may be internally or externally illuminated.
 - (c) Additionally, the following requirements must be met based on the type of sign selected:
- 1. If freestanding pole or ground, then the sign shall be a maximum of eight feet in height with a minimum setback of ten feet; and
 - 2. If wall, then the maximum projection from a wall shall be six inches.
 - (4) On-premises multiple-tenant development signs.
 - (a) On-premises multiple-tenant development signs allowed within the R-4 and R-5 Zoning District may be either:
 - 1. Freestanding; pole or ground attached; or
 - 2. Wall.
- (b) For a multiple-tenant development, the development itself is allowed one identification sign. For a freestanding sign, the total allowable area per face of selected sign shall not exceed 60 square feet with two faces per freestanding or ground sign allowed. If freestanding pole or ground, the sign shall be a maximum of 20 feet in height and minimum setback of 15 feet. Individual tenants within the development shall be allowed one attached wall sign not to exceed ten square feet, and at the due discretion of the Board of Commissioners, not more than two, not to exceed ten square feet. The maximum projection from a wall shall be six inches.
 - (H) The owner of the business establishment erecting a sign shall be responsible for any violation of this subchapter.
 - (I) Any sign removed by the town for violation of division (A) or (B) of this section shall be disposed of by the town within

five days from the date the sign is removed from the residential lot unless the residential lot owner, real estate agent or general contractor, as the case may be, claims said sign within the five-day period.

(2013 Code, § 15-2) (Ord. passed 9-15-1987; Ord. passed 12-8-1990; Ord. passed 9- -2002; Ord. 2021-02, passed 2-9-2021)

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS MEETING STAFF MEMORANDUM

January 11, 2022



Agenda Item D-5

Discussion – Amendments to Zoning Ordinance related to Installation of Artificial Turf

Background

The Board of Adjustment has reviewed a case over the past several months that involved an artificial turf field. During their review and consideration of the matter, they affirmed the Zoning Administrator's decision that the artificial turf did not constitute an accessory structure within the definition of the Zoning Ordinance. There was, however, unanimous agreement among the Board of Adjustment members to request the Board of Commissioners review the matter and determine whether artificial turf *should be* explicitly regulated within the Zoning Ordinance. A neighbor who expressed disagreement with the Board's decision also has presented the Board of Commissioners with a request to consider addressing this issue.

Discussion and Amendment Process

Artificial turf regulation would be included within the Zoning Ordinance. Potential zoning ordinance amendments require review and recommendation from the Planning Commission, and then require a public hearing before the Board of Commissioners may consider the matter. The purpose of bringing this matter to the Board now is to determine whether you want staff to proceed with creating a draft ordinance, and if so, what the Board would like included within that framework.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS MEETING STAFF MEMORANDUM

January 11, 2022

Agenda Item D-6
Planning Commission Comprehensive Plan Update



Background

The Planning Commission conducted a survey, available to all Town residents, from late October through early December. This survey was drafted by the Planning Commission and conducted by Planning Commission Chair Paul Zimmerman. Mr. Zimmerman has extensive experience in survey design and methodology from the private sector.

Executive Summary – Survey Results

Mr. Zimmerman has prepared the attached executive summary for the survey findings. The survey data is being utilized to develop discussion topics for an upcoming public meeting requesting input on the Town's land use planning and future comprehensive planning needs. The Planning Commission's next meeting is scheduled for Tuesday, January 25th. This information is being provided as an update to the Board; please feel free to let me know if you have any questions.

TO: Jonathan Kanipe, Town Manager, Board of Commissioners **DATE:** 29 December 2021

FROM: Biltmore Forest Planning Commission

SUBJECT: Executive Summary – Fall 2021 Resident Survey

An online and paper survey of Biltmore Forest residents was completed between Oct 30 and Dec 13, 2021 in order to guide the Planning Commission in making recommendations for long term goals to the Board of Commissioners. A total of 238 households responded, which is considered to be an excellent sample of the approximately 650 households in Biltmore Forest.

RESULTS:

1. The weighted Overall Satisfaction Rating was **84**, which is outstanding and in line with results from past research conducted among residents. The rating scale was a standard Excellent, Very Good, Good, Fair and Poor Scale.

2. Residents were asked to rate a series of attributes on the same scale. The weighted results are below:

Attribute	Weighted
(How would you rate Biltmore Forest for being a Town)	Average
that protects mature trees and the tree canopy	74
where it is safe to walk	66*
that you are proud to live in	89
that has a professional/competent Police Force	93
that has a professional/competent Public Works Dept.	93
that gives you confidence that Zoning Ordinances are	66*
consistently enforced	
where there are plans to guide future development	64*
where there are appropriate Parks to use and enjoy	76
that is enjoyable for people of all ages	80
that has effective speed management	69*
where there are Social activities	68
where there are guidelines for buffering between neighbors	63*
and high traffic zones	
Overall Average Rating for all attributes	75
*a significant number of residents rated this attribute Fa	air or Poor

3. Residents were then asked to answer a hypothetical question about directions the Town could take on a series of possible actions.

Rating	I'd like MORE of this	Current Level is Adequate	I'd like LESS of this
	%	%	%
Walking Trails within existing Parks	56	41	3
Enforcement of Zoning Ordinances	34	59	6
Speed Humps	21	53	26
Upgrading Park Activity Structures	40	56	4
for Children			
Enforcement of Speeding	31	66	2
New Planting of Hardwood Trees	64	34	2
(Oak, Maple, Walnut, etc) along			
Roads			
Forbidding Clear Cutting for any	49	44	7
reason			

- 4. Voluntary Comments were asked as the second question. These comments helped to clarify WHY residents gave the ratings that they did. A brief sampling of comments in key areas are given below:
 - a. **TREES:** "The beauty of the Forest make me sigh 'ahh' every time I enter the Town"; "Don't let people cut down dozens of tree at once"; "Too many trees are disappearing"; We should encourage new homeowners to invest in slow growing long lived trees and native plants"; 'We used to be a forest. That is disappearing quickly"; Our beautiful hardwood trees are dying from ivy growing on them"; "...allowing more clearing and bigger square footage...makes us no different than many other communities"
 - b. **WALKING:** "If you're not going to cut back foliage to make driving and walking safer, stop saying you will!"; "It would be nice to have a walking path in Town"; "There have been times I have been almost pushed off the road or hit by cars AND cyclists"; "I wish there were sidewalks"; "...encroachment of vegetation along the roadside makes certain shoulders impossible"; "Roads need to be safer for autos, bicyclists and pedestrians by clearing side easements...this is a dangerous situation at present for which the Town is liable".
 - c. **SPEED:** "I feel there are people who drive too quickly on Eastwood and I have been almost hit..."; "Why was digital speed monitor taken down at Chauncey Circle and Niagara?...you sure as hell can afford to leave it there permanently!"; Some residents and golf course users drive too fast and aggressively"; "Speeding needs attention", "I continue to see idiots towing their horse trailers driving at 40mph on their way to the equestrian center".
 - d. **PARKS/PUBLIC SPACES**: "Much of the public areas of BF look tired...and unkept. A concerted effort is needed to get us back to the preeminent neighborhood of Asheville"; "Need to invest in Parks and in saving the Hemlocks"; "We should have updated playgrounds, nicer parks and landscaping, benches, and a town sign!"; "I would like to see more Park improvements at some point"; "I wish the parks were cleaned up regularly"; "We need a dog park"; "The parks are shabby and many of the residents don't keep their yards groomed giving the Town an unkept look".

CONCLUSIONS:

- 1. <u>Biltmore Forest has maintained an extremely high satisfaction rating</u> and many residents state that they are proud to live here.
- 2. <u>Police and Public Works both received an exemplary rating,</u> with strong positive comments from residents for the Police, Public Works, and Administration for their friendliness and efforts.
- 3. <u>The areas of Walking Safety, Speed Management, Buffering Guidelines, Consistent Enforcement of Zoning Ordinances, and Plans to Guide Future Development were all rated significantly lower than the average.</u>
- 4. Voluntary Comments on *Walking* tended to focus on desire for walking trails and clearing hazardous right of way plantings.
- 5. Voluntary Comments on Speed were not specific other than the need to control it better
- 6. Whereas the rating for **Protecting the Tree Canopy** was average, there were a significant number of comments about the need to replace trees, prevent clear cutting, and manage ivy invasion. This appears to be a case where people LIKE the forest (hence the higher rating) but don't want to lose it (negative voluntary comments)
- 7. Similarly, whereas the rating of the *Parks* was average, there were again significant comments about them looking shabby and needing updating. I believe the rationale is similar to the Trees rating.

Submitted 29 Dec 2021 for the Planning Commission: Toya Hauf, Dawn Grohs, Michael Flynn, Ken Hornowski, and Karen Cragnolin.

Paul Zimmerman

Planning Commission Chair

Immeman